

Circulating Fluid Temperature Controller

Thermo-chiller Standard Type

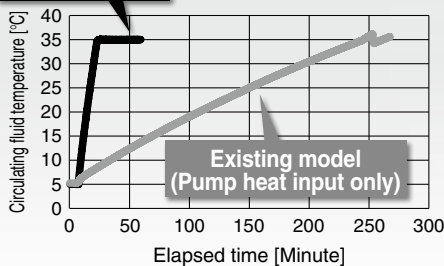
HRS100/150 Series

No heater is required, as the circulating fluid is heated using only the heat exhausted by the refrigerating circuit.

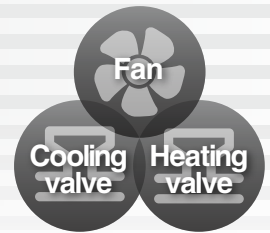
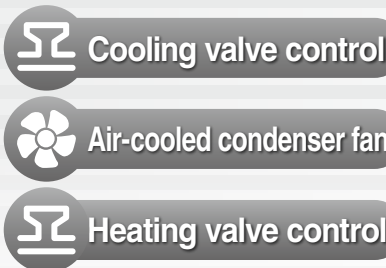


■ Heating-up time: 1/10

HRS150-A-20



[Test conditions]
Circulating fluid temperature: 5→35°C
Ambient temperature: 32°C
Power supply: 200 VAC/50 Hz
Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow
Circulating fluid: Water
External piping: Bypass piping



Cooling capacity **10 kW/15 kW**

Set temperature range **5°C to 35°C**

Max. ambient temperature **45°C**

Temperature stability **±1.0°C, ±0.1°C**
(When a load is stable) (460 VAC type)

Low-noise design **70 dB(A)**

Outdoor installation **IPX4**

Compact, Space saving



Option

- With fluid fill port

Optional accessories

- Electric conductivity control set
- Relief valve set
- Snow protection hood (Air-cooled only)

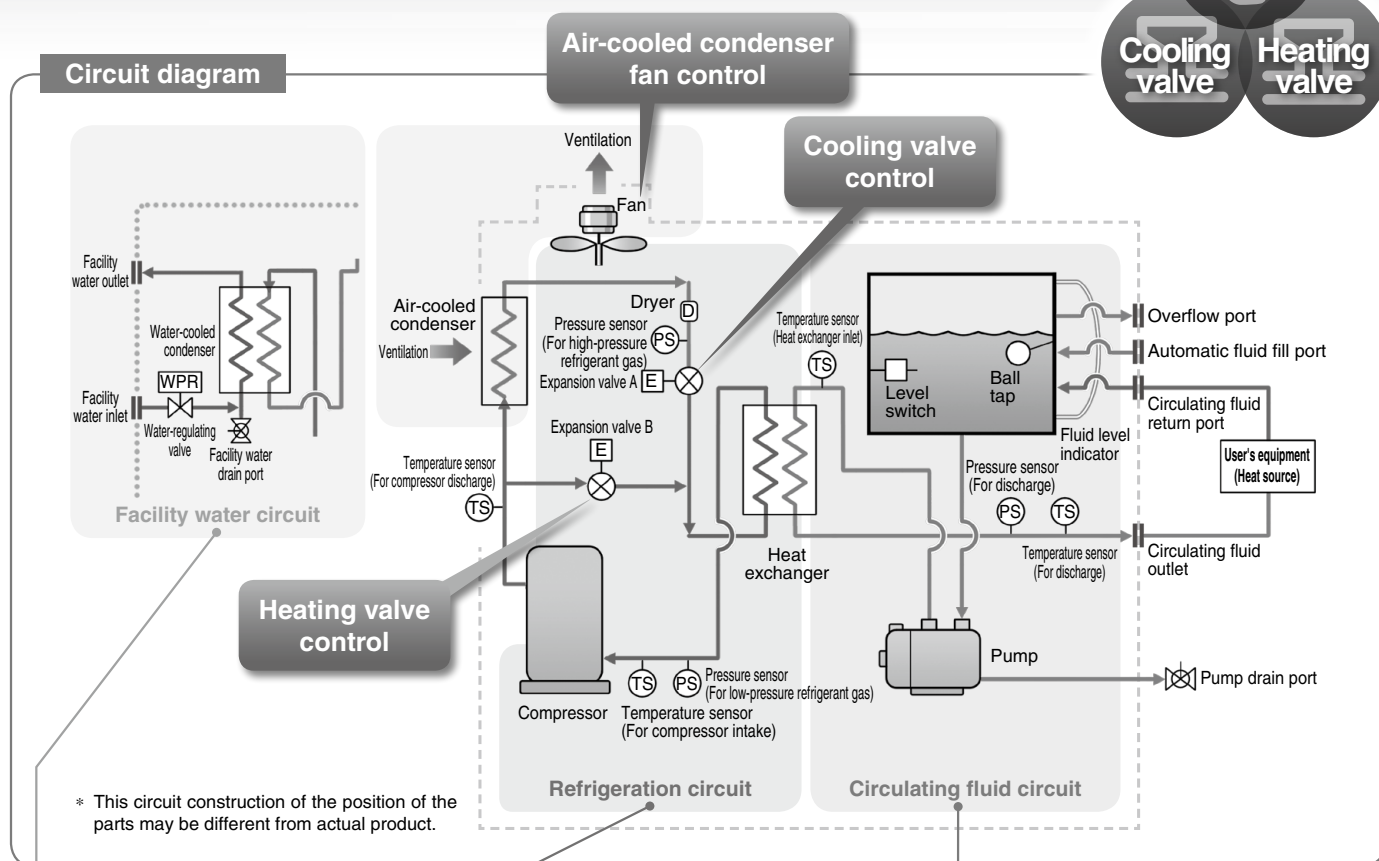
Compatible with power supplies in Europe, Asia, Oceania, and North, Central, and South America

- 3-phase 200 VAC
- 3-phase 400 VAC
- 3-phase 460 VAC



Environmentally friendly **R410A** as refrigerant

Triple controller



Facility water circuit

For water-cooled refrigeration HRS□-W-□

- The water-regulating valve opens and closes to keep the refrigerant gas pressure consistent. The facility water flow rate is controlled by the water-regulating valve.

Refrigeration circuit

- The compressor compresses the refrigerant gas and discharges high-temperature, high-pressure refrigerant gas.
- In the case of air-cooled refrigeration, the high-temperature, high-pressure refrigerant gas is cooled down by fan ventilation in the air-cooled condenser, where it is then liquefied. In the case of water-cooled refrigeration, the refrigerant gas is cooled by the facility water in the facility water circuit in the water-cooled condenser, where it is then liquefied.
- The liquefied high-pressure refrigerant gas expands and its temperature lowers when it passes through expansion valve A, where it vaporizes after receiving heat from the circulating fluid in the evaporator.
- The vaporized refrigerant gas is sucked into the compressor and compressed again.
- When heating the circulating fluid, the high-pressure, high-temperature refrigerant gas is bypassed into the evaporator by expansion valve B to heat the circulating fluid.

Point

The combination of the precise control of **expansion valve A** for cooling and **expansion valve B** for heating allows for high temperature stability.



Circulating fluid circuit

- After the circulating fluid discharged from the pump is heated or cooled by the user's equipment, it returns to the thermo-chiller.
- The circulating fluid is controlled to remain at a set temperature by the refrigeration circuit. It will then be discharged to the user's equipment side again by the thermo-chiller.

Point

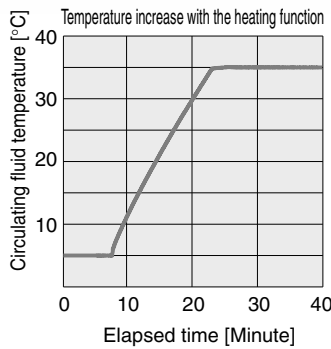
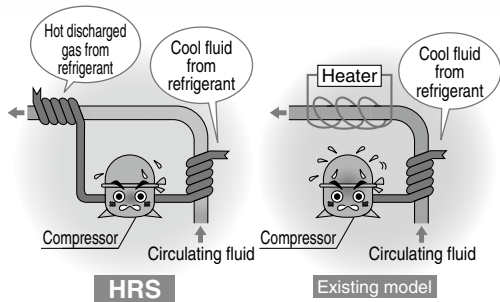
Since the refrigeration circuit is controlled by the signals from **2 temperature sensors (for return and discharge)**, precise temperature control of the circulating fluid can be achieved. Therefore, there is no need for a tank with a large capacity to absorb the circulating fluid temperature difference, as high temperature stability can be achieved even with a **small-size tank**. This also contributes to space saving.

Variations

Model	Cooling method	Cooling capacity [kW] (50/60 Hz)	Power supply	Option Pages 124, 125	Optional accessories Pages 126 to 131
	Air-cooled refrigeration	HRS100 9.0/9.5	· 3-phase 200 VAC (50 Hz), 3-phase 200 to 230 VAC (60 Hz) · 3-phase 380 to 415 VAC (50 Hz/60 Hz) · 3-phase 460 to 480 VAC (60 Hz)	· With caster adjuster-foot · With earth leakage breaker (For 400/460 V type as standard) · With earth leakage breaker with handle (For 400/460 V type as standard) · With fluid fill port · SI Unit Only	· Piping conversion fitting · Caster adjuster-foot kit · Electric conductivity control set · Bypass piping set · Relief valve set · Snow protection hood (Air-cooled only) · Particle filter set · Wired remote controller
		HRS150 13.0/14.5			
	Water-cooled refrigeration	HRS100 10.0/11.0			
		HRS150 14.5/16.5			

Circulating fluid can be heated without a heater.

As the heating method uses discharged heat, a heater is unnecessary.

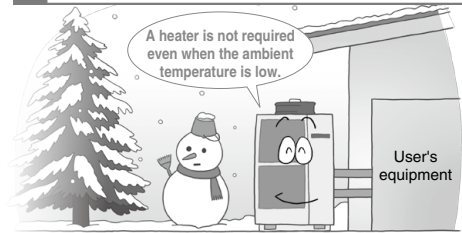


* This is just an example diagram.

* For HRS150-A-20

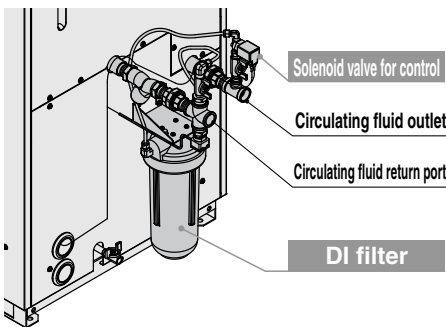
Conditions

- Circulating fluid temperature: 5→35°C
- Ambient temperature: 32°C
- Power supply: 200 V/50 Hz
- Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow
- Circulating fluid: Water
- External piping: Bypass piping



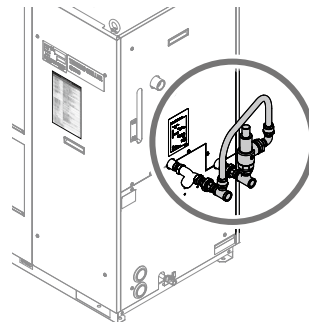
Electric conductivity control set (Optional accessories) (With DI filter + Solenoid valve kit for control) **p. 127**

The electric conductivity of the circulating fluid can be set with the controller monitor arbitrarily.
Set control range: 5.0 to 45.0 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$



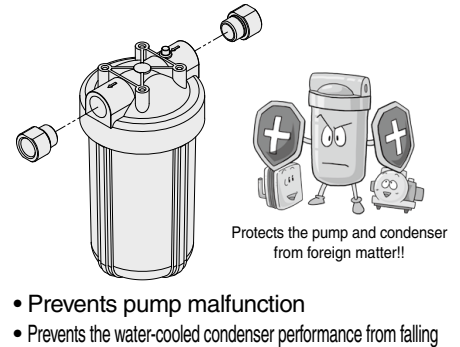
Relief valve set (Optional accessories) **p. 128**

Prevents increase in circulating fluid discharge pressure
(Relief pressure: 0.32 MPa)



Particle filter set **p. 130**

Removes foreign matter in the circulating fluid
Effective in preventing foreign matter from entering the user's equipment and chiller



Improved maintenance performance

Circulating fluid fill port (Option)

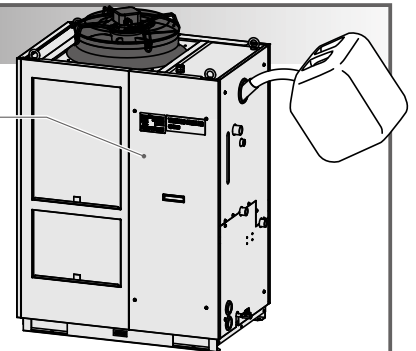
Fluid fill port is equipped in the upper part of the tank in addition to the automatic fluid fill port for a tap water piping connection. (page 125)

Front side access

All the electrical components can be checked from the front side for the easier maintenance work.

Alarm code list

Alarm code list stickers (English 1 pc./Japanese 1 pc.) are included. This can be put under the operation panel for reference.
(Alarm ▶ Page 122)

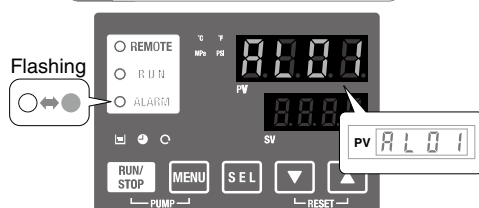


Operation display panel Easy maintenance with the check display

Alarm codes can be used for the notification of upcoming recommended maintenance.

The codes notify you when it's time to check the pump and fan motor. Helpful for facility maintenance

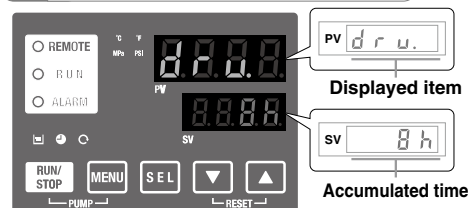
Ex. AL01 "Low level in tank"



Check display

The internal temperature, pressure, and operating time of the product are displayed.

Ex. drv. "Accumulated operating time"



	Displayed item
Temperature	Circulating fluid outlet temperature
	Circulating fluid return temperature
	Compressor gas temperature
Flow rate	Circulating fluid flow rate*1
	Circulating fluid outlet pressure
Pressure	Compressor gas discharge pressure
	Compressor gas return pressure
Operating time	Accumulated operating time
	Accumulated operating time of pump
	Accumulated operating time of fan*2
	Accumulated operating time of compressor
	Accumulated operation time of dustproof filter*2

*1 This is not measurement value. Use it for reference. *2 These are displayed only for air-cooled refrigeration.

Convenient functions **Details ▶ Page 122**

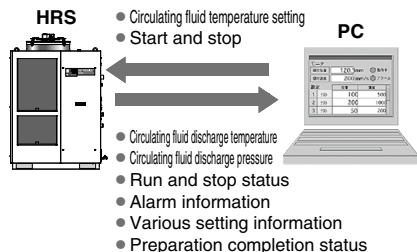
Timer function, Anti-freezing function, Power failure auto-restart function, Warming-up function, Key-lock function, etc.

Communication function

Serial communication (RS232C/RS485) and contact I/Os (2 inputs and 3 outputs) are equipped as standard. This allows for communication with the user's equipment and system construction, depending on the application. A 24 VDC output can be also provided and is available for use with flow switches (SMC's PF3W, etc.).

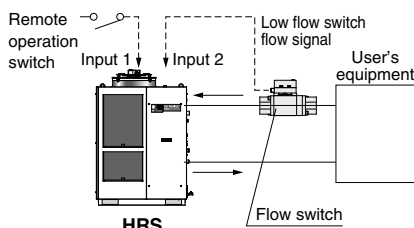
Ex.1 Remote signal I/O through serial communication

Remote operation is enabled (to start and stop operation) through serial communication.



Ex.2 Remote operation signal input

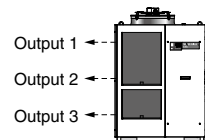
One of the contact inputs is used for remote operation and the other is used to monitor the flow of a flow switch. This is where their alarm outputs are taken in.



Power for flow switches (24 VDC) can be supplied by the thermo-chiller.

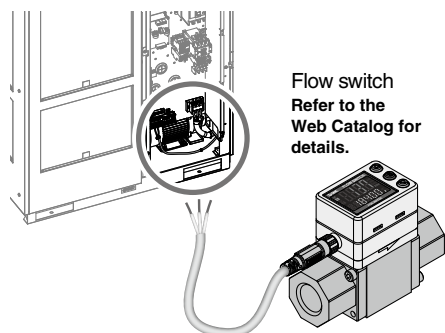
Ex.3 Alarm and operation status (start, stop, etc.) signal output

The alarm and status generated in the product are assigned to 3 output signals based on their contents, which can then be output.



• Output setting example
 Output 1: Temperature rise
 Output 2: Pressure rise
 Output 3: Operation status (start, stop, etc.)

Power supply (24 VDC) available



Power can be supplied from the terminal block of the thermo-chiller to external switches, etc.

IPX4

IP (International Protection) is the industrial standard for "Degrees of protection provided by outer defensive enclosures of electric equipment (IP Code)" according to IEC 60529 and JIS C 0920.

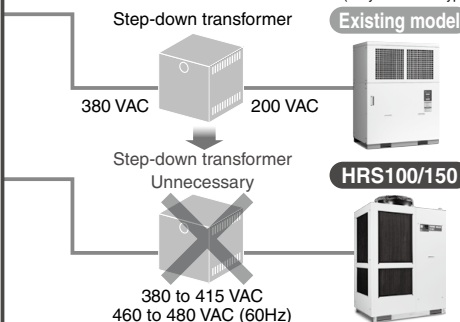
IPX4: No harmful influence by water splash is acceptable from every direction.

Can be installed outdoors



Globally compatible power supplies

(Europe, Asia, Oceania, North, Central and South America)



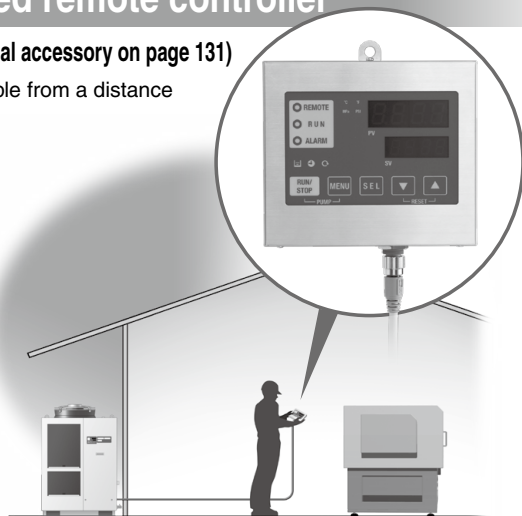
Transformer unnecessary

Power supply Applicable to 200 to 230 VAC, 380 to 415 VAC, or 460 to 480 VAC
 Transformers are unnecessary even when used overseas.

Wired remote controller

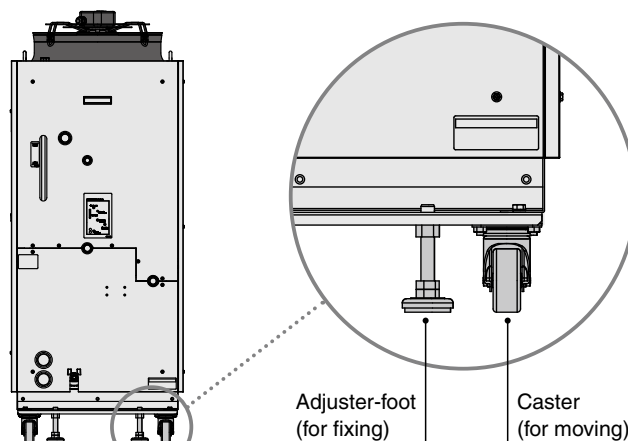
(Optional accessory on page 131)

Operable from a distance



With caster adjuster-foot (Option)

p. 126



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Thermo-chiller HRS100/150 Series

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Thermo-chiller Standard Type

Air-cooled 200 V Type

HRS100/150 Series

RoHS



How to Order

HRS 100 - A - 20 -

Cooling capacity

100	10 kW
150	15 kW

Cooling method

A	Air-cooled refrigeration
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Pipe thread type

Nil	Rc
F	G (with Rc-G conversion fitting)
N	NPT (with Rc-NPT conversion fitting)

Power supply

20	3-phase 200 VAC (50 Hz) 3-phase 200 to 230 VAC (60 Hz)
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Option

Nil	None
A	With caster adjuster-foot
B	With earth leakage breaker
B1	With earth leakage breaker with handle
K*1	With fluid fill port
W	SI unit only

*1 This is a manual fluid fill port that is different from the automatic fluid fill port. Fluid can be supplied manually into the tank without removing the side panel.
(Fluid can be supplied manually for models without option -K if the side panel is removed.)

Specifications

Model			HRS100-A□-20-□	HRS150-A□-20-□	
Cooling method			Air-cooled refrigeration		
Refrigerant			R410A (HFC)		
Refrigerant charge		kg	1.3	1.65	
Control method			PID control		
Ambient temperature/Altitude*1, 9			Temperature: -5 to 45°C, Altitude: less than 3000 m		
Circulating fluid system	Circulating fluid*2		Tap water, 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution, Deionized water		
	Set temperature range*1		5 to 35		
	Cooling capacity 50/60 Hz*3		kW	9.0/9.5	13.0/14.5
	Heating capacity 50/60 Hz*4		kW	1.7/2.2	2.5/3.0
	Temperature stability*5		°C	±1.0	
	Pump capacity	Rated flow 50/60 Hz (Outlet)*6		L/min	42/56
		Maximum flow rate 50/60 Hz		L/min	55/68
		Maximum pump head		m	50
	Minimum operating flow rate 50/60 Hz*7		L/min	28/42	
	Tank capacity		L	18	
	Circulating fluid outlet, circulating fluid return port			Rc3/4 (Symbol F: G3/4, Symbol N: NPT3/4)	
	Tank drain port			Rc1/4 (Symbol F: G1/4, Symbol N: NPT1/4)	
	Automatic fluid fill system	Supply side pressure range		MPa	0.2 to 0.5
		Supply side fluid temperature		°C	5 to 35
		Automatic fluid fill port		Rc1/2 (Symbol F: G1/2, Symbol N: NPT1/2)	
	(Standard)	Overflow port		Rc1 (Symbol F: G1, Symbol N: NPT1)	
	Fluid contact material			Stainless steel, Copper (Heat exchanger brazing), Brass, Bronze, PTFE, PU, EPDM, PVC, NBR, PE, NR, PBT, PP, POM, Carbon, Ceramic	
Electrical system	Power supply		3-phase 200 VAC (50 Hz), 3-phase 200 to 230 VAC (60 Hz) Allowable voltage range ±10% (No continuous voltage fluctuation)		
	Applicable earth leakage breaker*8	Rated current	A	30	40
		Sensitivity of leak current	mA	30	
	Rated operating current 50/60 Hz*5		A	14/15	16/19
	Rated power consumption 50/60 Hz*5		kW (kVA)	3.8/4.8 (4.9/5.3)	4.7/6.1 (5.6/6.7)
Noise level (Front 1 m/Height 1 m)*5		dB (A)	70	70	
Waterproof specification			IPX4		
Accessories			Alarm code list stickers 2 pcs. (English 1 pc./Japanese 1 pc.), Operation Manual (for installation/operation) 2 pcs. (English 1 pc./Japanese 1 pc.), Y-strainer 20A 1 pc., Barrel nipple 20A 1 pc., Drain pan for the pump		
Weight (drv state)		kg	171	177	

*1 Use a 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution if operating in a place where the ambient temperature and/or circulating fluid temperature is 10°C or less.

*2 Use fluid in condition below as the circulating fluid.

Tap water: please refer to "Specific Product Precautions".

15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution: diluted by tap water in condition above without any additives such as antiseptics.

Deionized water: Electric conductivity 1 μS/cm or higher (Electric resistivity 1 MΩ·cm or lower)

*3 ① Ambient temperature: 32°C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, ④ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ⑤ Power supply: 200 VAC

*4 ① Ambient temperature: 32°C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ④ Power supply: 200 VAC

*5 ① Ambient temperature: 32°C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, ④ Load: Same as the cooling capacity, ⑤ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ⑥ Power supply: 200 VAC, ⑦ Piping length: Shortest

*6 When circulating fluid outlet port pressure - return port pressure = 0.25 MPa.

*7 Fluid flow rate to maintain the cooling capacity and to keep the circulating fluid discharge pressure to 0.5 MPa or less. If the actual flow rate is lower than this, install a bypass piping.

*8 To be prepared by the user. A specified earth leakage breaker is installed for option B [With earth leakage breaker] and B1 [With earth leakage breaker with handle].

*9 If the product is used at an altitude of 1000 m or higher, refer to "Operating Environment/Storage Environment" (page 134) Item 13 "For altitudes of 1000 m or higher."

Thermo-chiller Standard Type

Water-cooled 200 V Type

HRS100/150 Series

RoHS



How to Order

HRS 100 - W - 20 -

Cooling capacity

100	10 kW
150	15 kW

Cooling method

W	Water-cooled refrigeration
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Pipe thread type

Nil	Rc
F	G (with Rc-G conversion fitting)
N	NPT (with Rc-NPT conversion fitting)

Power supply

20	3-phase 200 VAC (50 Hz) 3-phase 200 to 230 VAC (60 Hz)
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Option

Nil	None
A	With caster adjuster-foot
B	With earth leakage breaker
B1	With earth leakage breaker with handle
K*1	With fluid fill port
W	SI unit only

*1 This is a manual fluid fill port that is different from the automatic fluid fill port. Fluid can be supplied manually into the tank without removing the side panel.
(Fluid can be supplied manually for models without option -K if the side panel is removed.)

Specifications

Model			HRS100-W□-20-□	HRS150-W□-20-□		
Cooling method			Water-cooled refrigeration			
Refrigerant			R410A (HFC)			
Refrigerant charge			kg	1.23	1.33	
Control method			PID control			
Ambient temperature/Altitude*1			°C	Temperature: 2 to 35°C, Altitude: less than 3000 m		
Circulating fluid system	Circulating fluid*2		Tap water, 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution, Deionized water			
	Set temperature range*1		°C	5 to 35		
	Cooling capacity 50/60 Hz*3		kW	10.0/11.0	14.5/16.5	
	Heating capacity 50/60 Hz*4		kW	1.7/2.2	2.5/3.0	
	Temperature stability*5		°C	±1.0		
	Pump capacity	Rated flow 50/60 Hz (Outlet)*6		L/min	42/56	
		Maximum flow rate 50/60 Hz		L/min	55/68	
		Maximum pump head		m	50	
	Minimum operating flow rate 50/60 Hz*7		L/min	28/42		
	Tank capacity		L	18		
	Circulating fluid outlet, circulating fluid return port			Rc3/4 (Symbol F: G3/4, Symbol N: NPT3/4)		
	Tank drain port			Rc1/4 (Symbol F: G1/4, Symbol N: NPT1/4)		
	Automatic fluid fill system (Standard)	Supply side pressure range		MPa	0.2 to 0.5	
		Supply side fluid temperature		°C	5 to 35	
		Automatic fluid fill port		Rc1/2 (Symbol F: G1/2, Symbol N: NPT1/2)		
Fluid contact material			Rc1 (Symbol F: G1, Symbol N: NPT1)			
Facility water system	Temperature range		°C	5 to 40		
	Pressure range		MPa	0.3 to 0.5		
	Required flow 50/60 Hz*9		L/min	33/34	38/40	
	Facility water pressure differential		MPa	0.3 or more		
	Facility water inlet/outlet			Rc3/4		
	Fluid contact material			Stainless steel, Copper (Heat exchanger brazing), Bronze, Brass, PTFE, PU, EPDM, PVC, NBR, PE, NR, PBT, PP, POM, Carbon, Ceramic		
Electrical system	Power supply		3-phase 200 VAC (50 Hz), 3-phase 200 to 230 VAC (60 Hz)			
	Applicable earth leakage breaker*8	Rated current	A	30	40	
		Sensitivity of leak current	mA	30		
	Rated operating current 50/60 Hz*5		A	13/14	16/19	
	Rated power consumption 50/60 Hz*5		kW (kVA)	3.4/4.4 (4.4/5.0)	4.6/6.0 (5.6/6.6)	
	Noise level (Front 1 m/Height 1 m)*5		dB (A)	70	70	
	Waterproof specification			IPX4		
Accessories			Alarm code list stickers 2 pcs. (English 1 pc./Japanese 1 pc.), Operation Manual (for installation/operation) 2 pcs. (English 1 pc./Japanese 1 pc.), Y-strainer 20A 1 pc., Barrel nipple 20A 1 pc., Drain pan for the pump			
Weight (dry state)			kg	151	154	

- *1 Use a 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution if operating in a place where the ambient temperature and/or circulating fluid temperature is 10°C or less. Also, when there is a possibility of the facility water being frozen, make sure to discharge all the facility water from the facility water circuit.
- *2 Use fluid in condition below as the circulating fluid. Also, when there is a possibility of the facility water being frozen, make sure to discharge all the facility water from the facility water circuit.
Tap water: please refer to "Specific Product Precautions".
15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution: diluted by tap water in condition above without any additives such as antiseptics.
Deionized water: Electric conductivity 1 μS/cm or higher (Electric resistivity 1 MΩ·cm or lower)
- *3 ① Facility water temperature: 32°C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, ④ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ⑤ Power supply: 200 VAC
- *4 ① Facility water temperature: 32°C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ④ Power supply: 200 VAC
- *5 ① Facility water temperature: 32°C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, ④ Load: Same as the cooling capacity, ⑤ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ⑥ Power supply: 200 VAC, ⑦ Piping length: Shortest
- *6 When circulating fluid outlet port pressure - return port pressure = 0.25 MPa.
- *7 Fluid flow rate to maintain the cooling capacity and to keep the circulating fluid discharge pressure to 0.5 MPa or less. If the actual flow rate is lower than this, install a bypass piping.
- *8 To be prepared by the user. A specified earth leakage breaker is installed for option B [With earth leakage breaker] and B1 [With earth leakage breaker with handle].
- *9 The actual facility water flow rate will vary depending on the operating conditions.

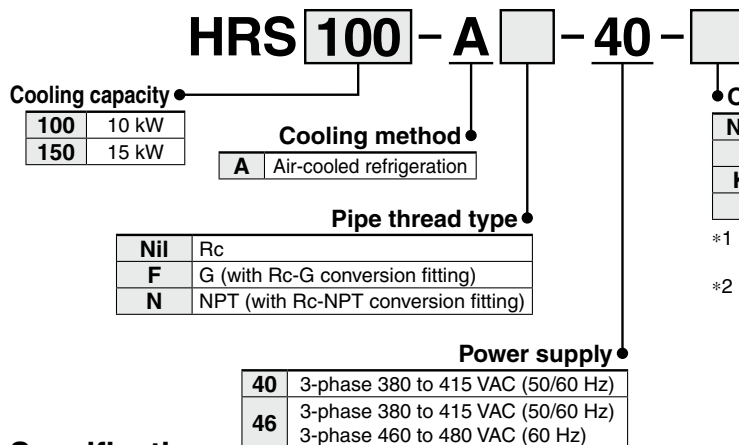
Thermo-chiller Standard Type

Air-cooled 400 V/460 V Type

HRS100/150 Series



How to Order



Option

Nil*1	None
A	With caster adjuster-foot
K*2	With fluid fill port
W	SI unit only

*1 400/460 V type is provided with an earth leakage breaker with handle (-B1) as standard.

*2 This is a manual fluid fill port that is different from the automatic fluid fill port. Fluid can be supplied manually into the tank without removing the side panel.

(Fluid can be supplied manually for models without option -K if the side panel is removed.)



Specifications

Model			HRS100-A□-40-□	HRS150-A□-40-□	HRS100-A□-46-□	HRS150-A□-46-□	
Cooling method			Air-cooled refrigeration				
Refrigerant			R410A (HFC)				
Refrigerant charge		kg	1.3	1.65	1.3	1.65	
Control method			PID control				
Ambient temperature*1, 8			°C -5 to 45				
Circulating fluid system	Circulating fluid*2		Tap water, 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution, Deionized water				
	Set temperature range*1		°C 5 to 35				
	Cooling capacity 50/60 Hz*3		kW	9.0/9.5	13.0/14.5	9.0/9.5	13.0/14.5
	Heating capacity 50/60 Hz*4		kW	1.7/2.2	2.5/3.0	1.7/2.2	2.5/3.0
	Temperature stability*5		°C	±1.0		±0.1	
	Pump capacity	Rated flow 50/60 Hz (Outlet)*6	L/min	42/56			
		Maximum flow rate 50/60 Hz	L/min	55/68			
		Maximum pump head	m	50			
	Minimum operating flow rate 50/60 Hz*7		L/min	28/42			
	Tank capacity		L	18			
	Circulating fluid outlet, circulating fluid return port			Rc3/4 (Symbol F: G3/4, Symbol N: NPT3/4)			
	Pump drain port			Rc1/4 (Symbol F: G1/4, Symbol N: NPT1/4)			
	Automatic fluid fill system (Standard)	Supply side pressure range	MPa	0.2 to 0.5			
Supply side fluid temperature		°C	5 to 35				
Automatic fluid fill port			Rc1/2 (Symbol F: G1/2, Symbol N: NPT1/2)				
(Standard) Overflow port			Rc1 (Symbol F: G1, Symbol N: NPT1)				
Fluid contact material			Stainless steel, Copper (Heat exchanger brazing), Brass, Bronze, PTFE, PU, EPDM, PVC, NBR, PE, NR, PBT, PP, POM, Carbon, Ceramic				
Electrical system	Power supply		3-phase 380 to 415 VAC (50/60 Hz) Allowable voltage range ±10% (No continuous voltage fluctuation)		3-phase 380 to 415 VAC (50/60 Hz) Allowable voltage range ±10% (No continuous voltage fluctuation) 3-phase 460 to 480 VAC (60 Hz) Allowable voltage range +4%, -10% (Max. voltage less than 500 V and no continuous voltage fluctuation)		
	Earth leakage breaker (Standard/With handle)	Rated current	A	20			
		Sensitivity of leak current	mA	30			
	Rated operating current 50/60 Hz*5		A	6.9/7.5	8.1/9.6	6.9/7.5	8.1/9.6
	Rated power consumption 50/60 Hz*5		kW (kVA)	3.7/4.7 (4.7/5.3)	4.8/6.1 (5.7/6.6)	3.7/4.7 (4.7/5.3)	4.8/6.1 (5.7/6.6)
Noise level (Front 1 m/Height 1 m)*5			dB (A)		70	72	
Waterproof specification			IPX4				
Accessories			Alarm code list stickers 2 pcs. (English 1 pc./Japanese 1 pc.), Operation Manual (for installation/operation) 2 pcs. (English 1 pc./Japanese 1 pc.), Y-strainer 20A 1 pc., Barrel nipple 20A 1 pc., Drain pan for the pump 1 pc.				
Weight (drv state)			kg		171	177	

*1 Use a 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution if operating in a place where the ambient temperature and/or circulating fluid temperature is 10°C or less.

*2 Use fluid in condition below as the circulating fluid.

Tap water: please refer to "Specific Product Precautions".

15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution: diluted by tap water in condition above without any additives such as antiseptics.

Deionized water: Electric conductivity 1 μS/cm or higher (Electric resistivity 1 MΩ·cm or lower)

*3 ① Ambient temperature: 32°C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, ④ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ⑤ Power supply: 400 VAC

*4 ① Ambient temperature: 32°C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ④ Power supply: 400 VAC

*5 ① Ambient temperature: 32°C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, ④ Load: Same as the cooling capacity, ⑤ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ⑥ Power supply: 400 VAC, ⑦ Piping length: Shortest

*6 When circulating fluid outlet port pressure - return port pressure = 0.25 MPa.

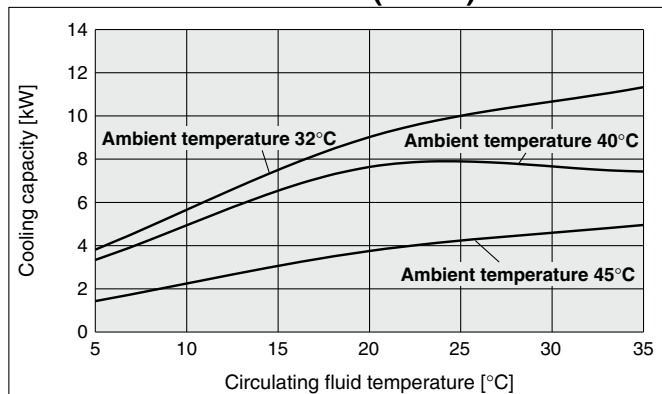
*7 Fluid flow rate to maintain the cooling capacity and to keep the circulating fluid discharge pressure to 0.5 MPa or less. If the actual flow rate is lower than this, install a bypass piping.

*8 If the product is used at an altitude of 1000 m or higher, refer to "Operating Environment/Storage Environment" (page 134) Item 13 "For altitudes of 1000 m or higher."

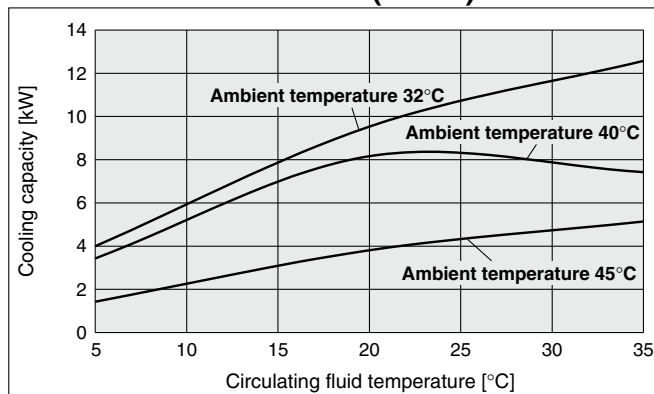
Cooling Capacity

* If the product is used at an altitude of 1000 m or higher, refer to "Operating Environment/Storage Environment" (page 134) Item 13 "For altitudes of 1000 m or higher."

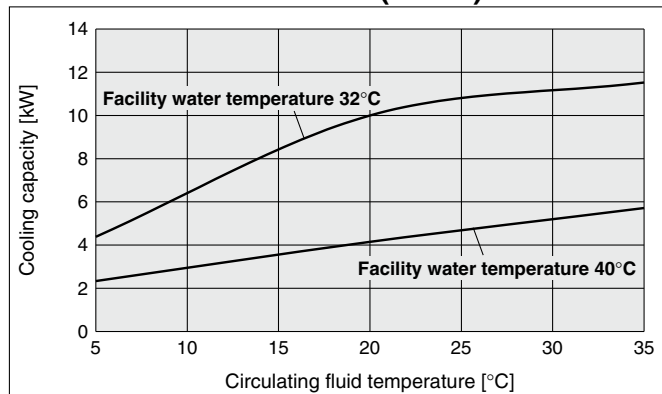
HRS100-A□-20/40/46-□ (50 Hz)



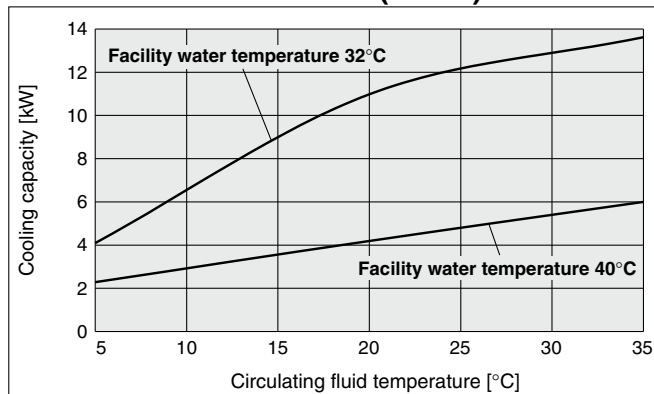
HRS100-A□-20/40/46-□ (60 Hz)



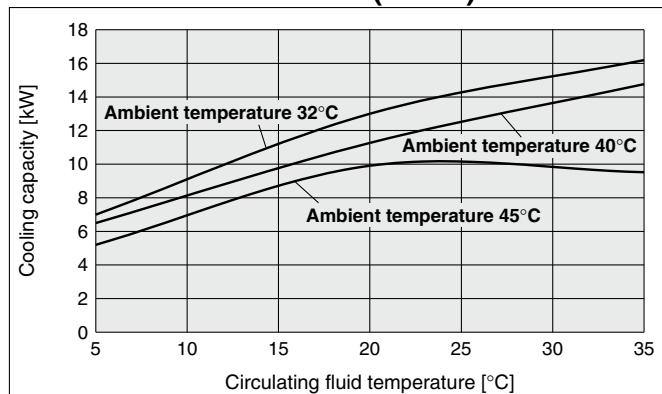
HRS100-W□-20/40/46-□ (50 Hz)



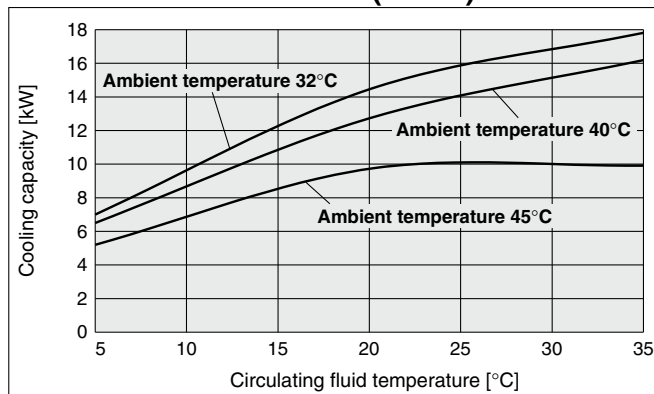
HRS100-W□-20/40/46-□ (60 Hz)



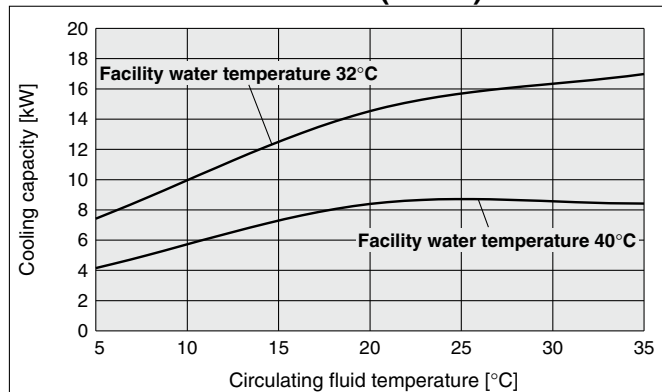
HRS150-A□-20/40/46-□ (50 Hz)



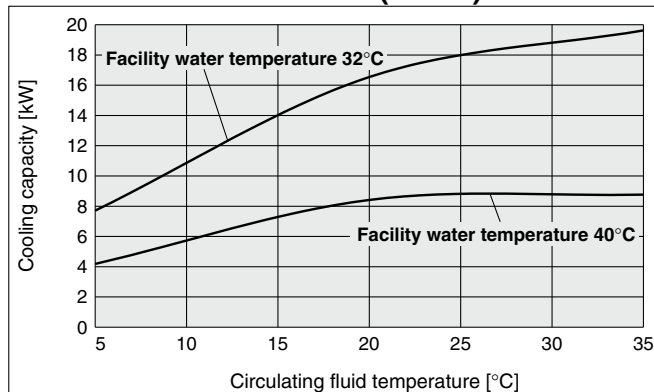
HRS150-A□-20/40/46-□ (60 Hz)



HRS150-W□-20/40/46-□ (50 Hz)



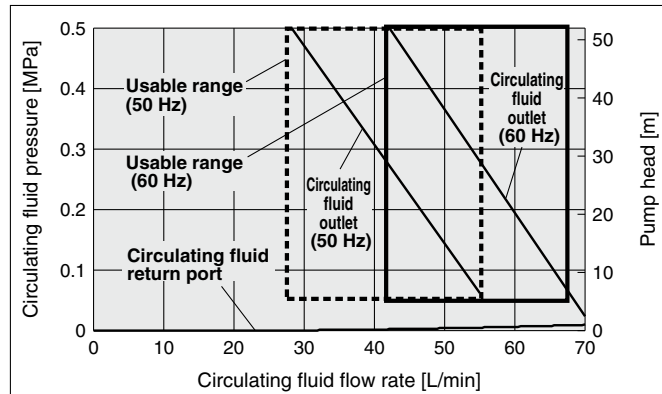
HRS150-W□-20/40/46-□ (60 Hz)



Pump Capacity

HRS100/150-A□-20/40/46-□

HRS100/150-W□-20/40/46-□

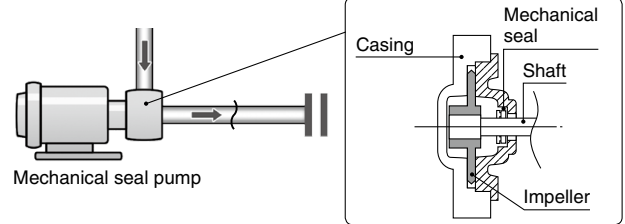


⚠ Caution

Mechanical Seal Pump

The pump used for the thermo-chiller HRS100/150 series uses a mechanical seal with the fixed ring and rotary ring used for the shaft seal part. If foreign matter enter the gap between the seals, this may cause a trouble such as leakage from the seal part or pump lock. Therefore, it is strongly recommended to install the particle filter in the return piping of the chiller.

Mechanical seal



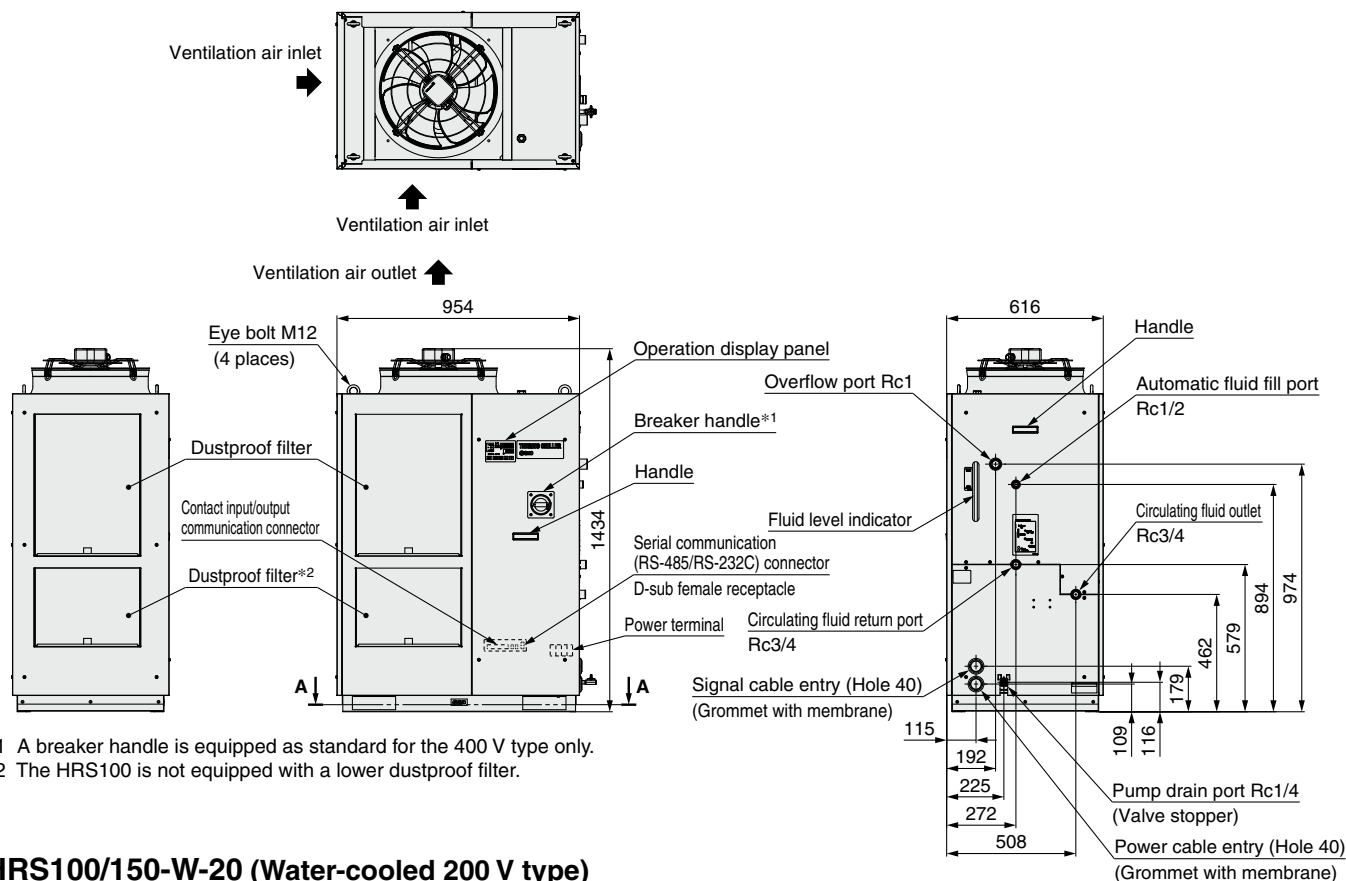
HRS100/150 Series Standard Type

Dimensions

HRS100/150-A-20 (Air-cooled 200 V type)

HRS100/150-A-40 (Air-cooled 400 V type)

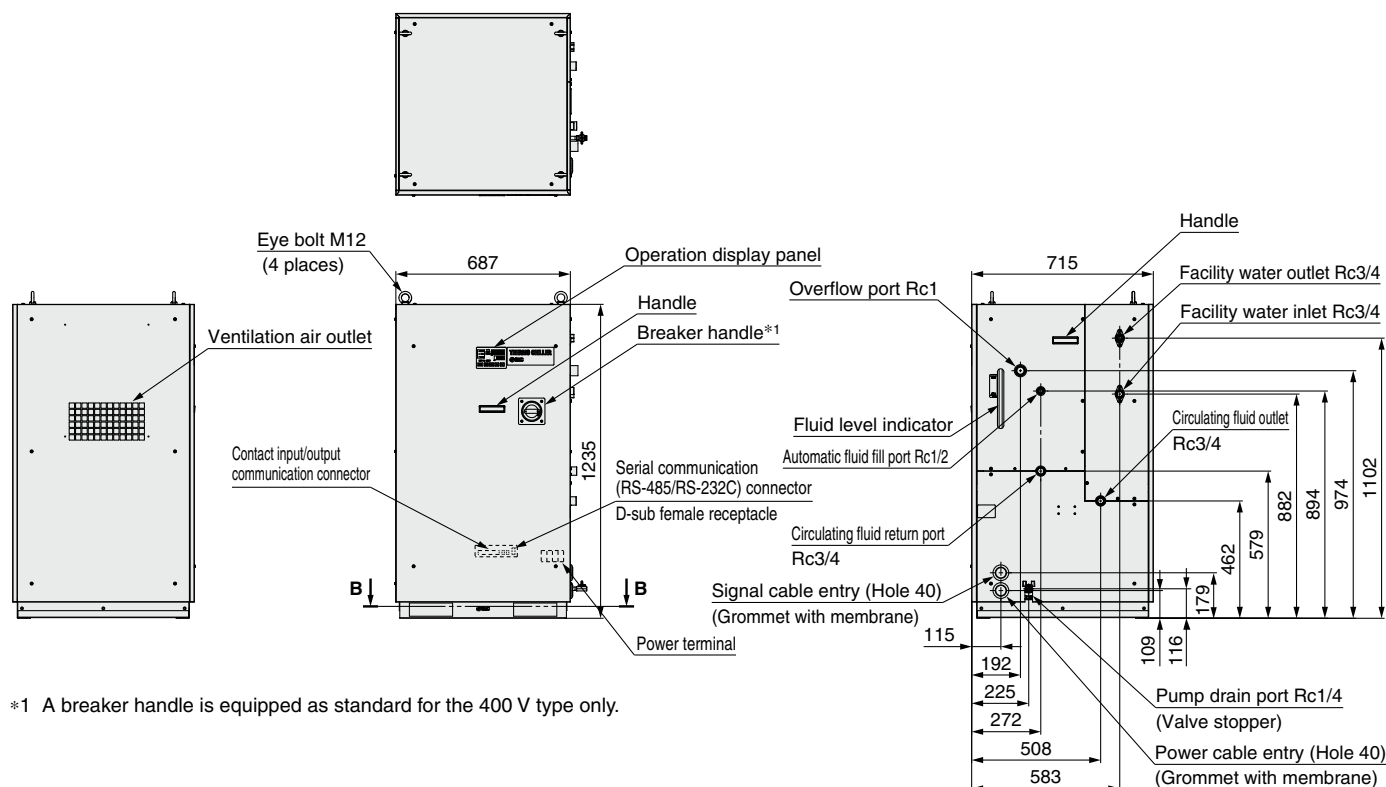
HRS100/150-A-46 (Air-cooled 460 V type)



HRS100/150-W-20 (Water-cooled 200 V type)

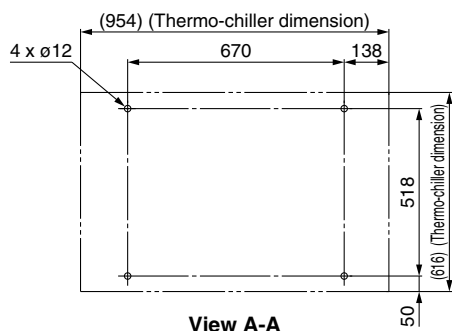
HRS100/150-W-40 (Water-cooled 400 V type)

HRS100/150-W-46 (Water-cooled 460 V type)

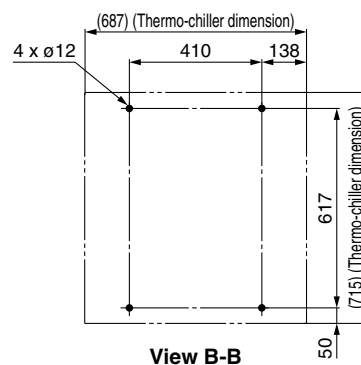


Dimensions

HRS100/150-A-20 (Air-cooled 200 V type)
HRS100/150-A-40 (Air-cooled 400 V type)
HRS100/150-A-46 (Air-cooled 460 V type)
Anchor bolt fixing position A

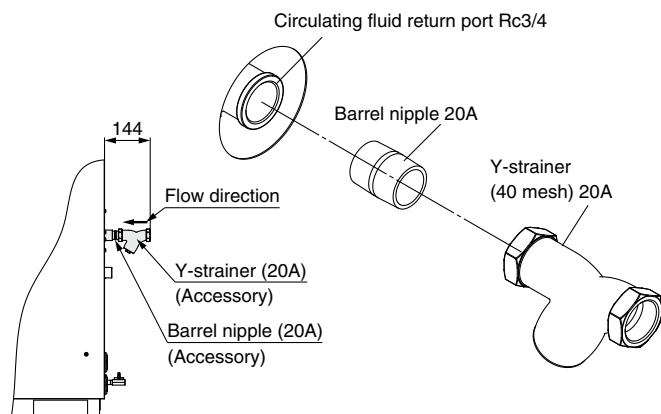


HRS100/150-W-20 (Water-cooled 200 V type)
HRS100/150-W-40 (Water-cooled 400 V type)
HRS100/150-W-46 (Water-cooled 460 V type)
Anchor bolt fixing position B



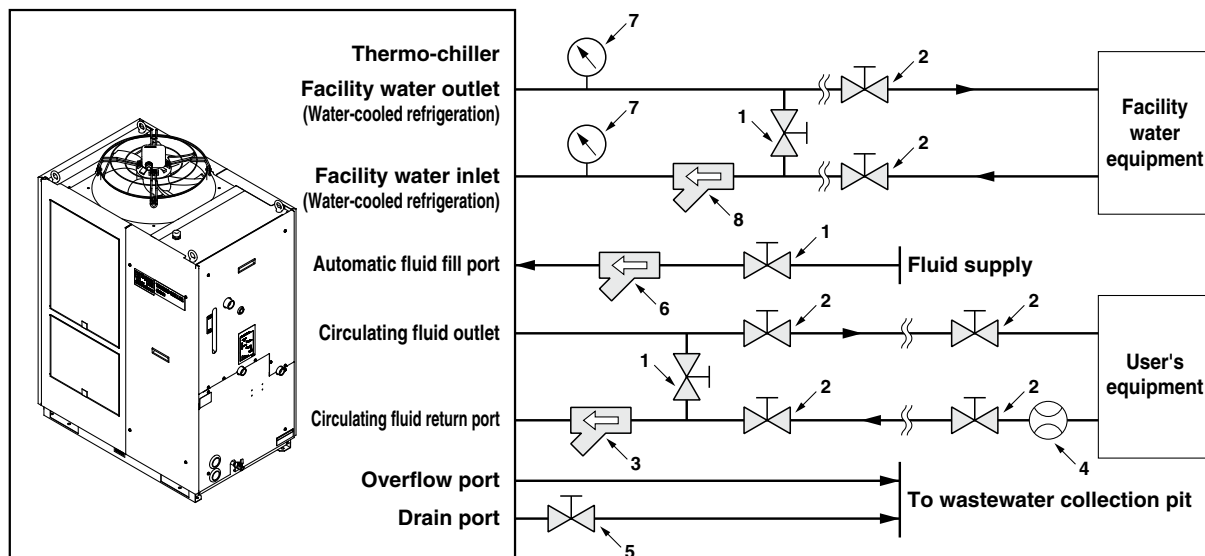
Accessory: Y-strainer mounting view

* Mount it by yourself on the circulating fluid return port.



Recommended External Piping Flow

External piping circuit is recommended as shown below.



* Ensure that the overflow port is connected to the wastewater collection pit in order to avoid damage to the tank of the thermo-chiller.

No.	Description	Size	Recommended part no.	Note
1	Valve	Rc1/2	—	—
2	Valve	Rc3/4	—	—
3	Y-strainer	Rc3/4 #40	Accessory	Install either the strainer or filter. If foreign matter with a size of 20 μ m or more are likely to enter, install the particle filter. For the recommended filter, refer to the optional accessory HRS-PF005 (page 130).
	Filter	Rc3/4 20 μ m	HRS-PF005*1, 2	
4	Flow meter	—	—	Prepare a flow meter with an appropriate flow range.
5	Valve (Part of thermo-chiller)	Rc1/4	—	—
6	Y-strainer	Rc1/2 #40	—	Install either the strainer or filter. If foreign matter with a size of 20 μ m or more are likely to enter, install the particle filter.
	Filter	Rc1/2 20 μ m	—	
7	Pressure gauge	0 to 1.0 MPa	—	—
8	Y-strainer	Rc3/4 #40	HRS-S0378	Install either the strainer or filter. If foreign matter with a size of 20 μ m or more are likely to enter, install the particle filter.
	Filter	Rc3/4 20 μ m	FQ1012N-06-T020-B-X61*2	

*1 Use the Rc3/4 bushing together as the HRS-PF005 is Rc1.

*2 The filter shown above cannot be directly connected to the thermo-chiller. Install it in the user's piping system.

Cable Specifications

Power supply and signal cable should be prepared by user.

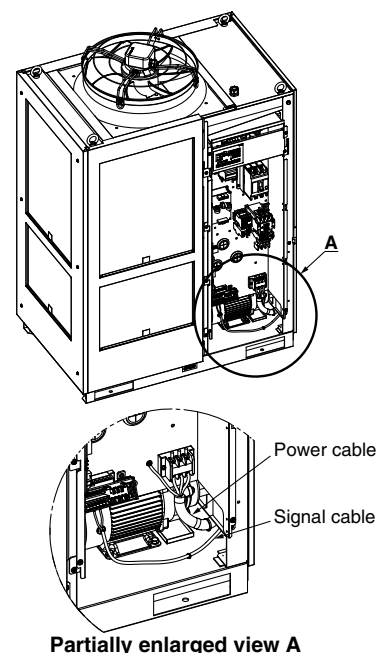
Power Cable Specifications

Applicable model	Rated value for thermo-chiller			Power cable examples	
	Power supply	Applicable breaker rated current	Terminal block screw dia.	Cable size	Crimped terminal on the thermo-chiller side
HRS100-A□-20-□ HRS100-W□-20-□	3-phase 200 VAC (50 Hz)	30 A	M5	4 cores x 5.5 mm ² (4 cores x AWG10) (Including grounding cable R5.5-5)	R5.5-5
HRS150-A□-20-□ HRS150-W□-20-□	3-phase 200 to 230 VAC (60 Hz)	40 A		4 cores x 8 mm ² (4 cores x AWG8) (Including grounding cable R8-5)	R8-5
HRS100-A□-40-□ HRS100-W□-40-□	3-phase 380 to 415 VAC (50/60 Hz)	20 A	M5	4 cores x 5.5 mm ² (4 cores x AWG10) (Including grounding cable R5.5-5)	R5.5-5
HRS150-A□-40-□ HRS150-W□-40-□	3-phase 380 to 415 VAC (50/60 Hz)	20 A	M5	4 cores x 5.5 mm ² (4 cores x AWG10) (Including grounding cable R5.5-5)	R5.5-5
HRS100-A□-46-□ HRS100-W□-46-□	3-phase 380 to 415 VAC (50/60 Hz)	20 A	M5	4 cores x 5.5 mm ² (4 cores x AWG10) (Including grounding cable R5.5-5)	R5.5-5
HRS150-A□-46-□ HRS150-W□-46-□	3-phase 460 to 480 VAC (60 Hz)	20 A	M5	4 cores x 5.5 mm ² (4 cores x AWG10) (Including grounding cable R5.5-5)	R5.5-5

* An example of the cable specifications is when two kinds of vinyl insulated wires with a continuous allowable operating temperature of 70°C at 600 V, are used at an ambient temperature of 30°C. Select the proper size of cable according to an actual condition.

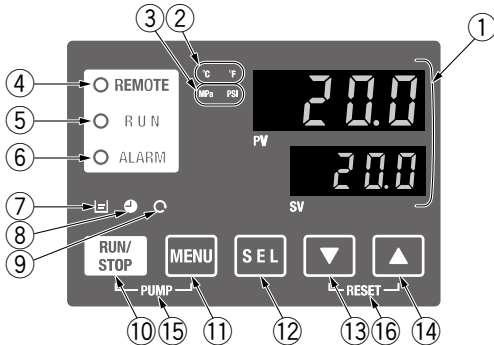
Signal Cable Specifications

Terminal specifications		Cable specifications
Terminal block screw diameter	Recommended crimped terminal	0.75 mm ² (AWG18) Shielded cable
M3	Y-shape crimped terminal 1.25Y-3	



Operation Display Panel

The basic operation of this unit is controlled through the operation display panel on the front of the product.



No.	Description	Function
①	Digital display (7 segment, 4 digits)	PV Displays the circulating fluid current discharge temperature and pressure and alarm codes and other menu items (codes). SV Displays the circulating fluid discharge temperature and the set values of other menus.
②	[°C] [°F] lamp	Equipped with a unit conversion function. Displays the unit of displayed temperature (default setting: °C).
③	[MPa] [PSI] lamp	Equipped with a unit conversion function. Displays the unit of displayed pressure (default setting: MPa).
④	[REMOTE] lamp	Enables remote operation (start and stop) by communication. Lights up during remote operation.
⑤	[RUN] lamp	Lights up when the product is started, and goes off when it is stopped. Flashes during stand-by for stop or anti-freezing function, or independent operation of the pump.
⑥	[ALARM] lamp	Flashes with buzzer when alarm occurs.
⑦	[L] lamp	Lights up when the surface of the fluid level indicator falls below the L level.
⑧	[⌚] lamp	Equipped with a timer for start and stop. Lights up when this function is operated.
⑨	[⏻] lamp	Equipped with a power failure auto-restart function, which restarts the product automatically after stopped due to a power failure. Lights up when this function is operated.
⑩	[RUN/STOP] key	Makes the product start or stop.
⑪	[MENU] key	Shifts the main menu (display screen of circulating fluid discharge temperature and pressure) and other menus (for monitoring and entry of set values).
⑫	[SEL] key	Changes the item in menu and enters the set value.
⑬	[▼] key	Decreases the set value.
⑭	[▲] key	Increases the set value.
⑮	[PUMP] key	Press the [MENU] and [RUN/STOP] keys simultaneously. The pump starts running independently to make the product ready for start-up (release the air).
⑯	[RESET] key	Press the [▼] and [▲] keys simultaneously. The alarm buzzer is stopped and the [ALARM] lamp is reset.

List of Function

No.	Function	Outline
1	Main display	Displays the current and set temperature of the circulating fluid, discharge pressure of the circulating fluid. Changes the circulating fluid set temperature.
2	Alarm display menu	Indicates alarm number when an alarm occurs.
3	Inspection monitor menu	Product temperature, pressure and accumulated operating time can be checked as daily inspection. Use these for daily inspection.
4	Key-lock	Keys can be locked so that set values cannot be changed by operator error.
5	Timer for operation start/stop	Timer is used to set the operation start/stop.
6	Signal for the completion of preparation	A signal is output when the circulating fluid temperature reaches the set temperature, when using contact input/output and serial communication.
7	Offset function	Use this function when there is a temperature offset between the discharge temperature of the thermo-chiller and user's equipment.
8	Reset after power failure	Start operation automatically after the power supply is turned on.
9	Key click sound setting	Operation panel key sound can be set on/off.
10	Changing temp. unit	Temperature unit can be changed. Centigrade (°C) ↔ Fahrenheit (°F)
11	Changing pressure unit	Pressure unit can be changed. MPa ↔ PSI
12	Data reset	Functions can be reset to the default settings (settings when shipped from the factory).
13	Accumulation time reset	Reset function when the pump, the fan or the compressor is replaced. Reset the accumulated time here.
14	Anti-freezing function	Circulating fluid is protected from freezing during winter or at night. Set beforehand if there is a risk of freezing.
15	Warming-up function	When circulating fluid temperature rising time at starting needs shortening during winter or at night, set beforehand.
16	Anti-snow coverage function	If there will be a possibility of the snow coverage due to the change of the installation environment (season, weather), set beforehand.
17	Alarm buzzer sound setting	Alarm sound can be set to on/off.
18	Alarm customizing	Operation during alarm condition and threshold values can be changed depending on the alarm type.
19	Communication	This function is used for contact input/output or serial communication.

Alarm

This unit has alarms as standard, and displays each of them by its alarm code on the PV screen with the [ALARM] lamp ([LOW LEVEL] lamp) lit up on the operation display panel. The alarm can be read out through communication.

Code	Alarm message
AL01	Low level in tank
AL02	High circulating fluid discharge temp.
AL03	Circulating fluid discharge temp. rise
AL04	Circulating fluid discharge temp. drop
AL05	High circulating fluid return temp.
AL06	High circulating fluid discharge pressure
AL07	Abnormal pump operation
AL08	Circulating fluid discharge pressure rise
AL09	Circulating fluid discharge pressure drop
AL10	High compressor intake temp.
AL11	Low compressor intake temp.
AL12	Low super heat temp.
AL13	High compressor discharge pressure
AL15	Refrigeration circuit pressure (high pressure side) drop
AL16	Refrigeration circuit pressure (low pressure side) rise

Code	Alarm message
AL17	Refrigeration circuit pressure (low pressure side) drop
AL18	Compressor running failure
AL19	Communication error
AL20	Memory error
AL21	DC line fuse cut
AL22	Circulating fluid discharge temp. sensor failure
AL23	Circulating fluid return temp. sensor failure
AL24	Compressor intake temp. sensor failure
AL25	Circulating fluid discharge pressure sensor failure
AL26	Compressor discharge pressure sensor failure
AL27	Compressor intake pressure sensor failure
AL28	Pump maintenance
AL29	Fan maintenance
AL30	Compressor maintenance
AL31	Contact input 1 signal detection

Code	Alarm message
AL32	Contact input 2 signal detection
AL37	Compressor discharge temp. sensor failure
AL38	Compressor discharge temp. rise
AL40	Dustproof filter maintenance*1
AL41	Power stoppage
AL42	Compressor waiting
AL43	Fan failure*1
AL45	Compressor over current
AL47	Pump over current
AL49	Air exhaust fan stoppage*2
AL50	Incorrect phase error
AL51	Phase board over current

*1 Does not occur on the product of water-cooled refrigeration type.

*2 Does not occur on the product of air-cooled refrigeration type.

* For details, read the Operation Manual.

For details, refer to the Operation Manual. Please download it via our website, <https://www.smcworld.com>

HRS100/150 Series

Options

* Options have to be selected when ordering the thermo-chiller. It is not possible to add them after purchasing the unit.

A Option symbol

With Caster Adjuster-foot

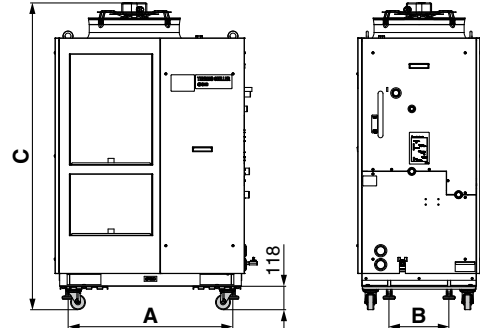
HRS□-□□-□-**A**

● With caster adjuster-foot

Unfixed casters and adjuster feet stops are mounted.

Applicable model	Dimension [mm]			Additional weight*1 [kg]
	A	B	C	
HRS100/150-A-20/40/46-A	830	302	1552	Approx. 16
HRS100/150-W-20/40/46-A	570	401	1353	Approx. 18

*1 Refers to the amount of increase from the standard weight



B Option symbol

With Earth Leakage Breaker

HRS□-□□-20-**B**

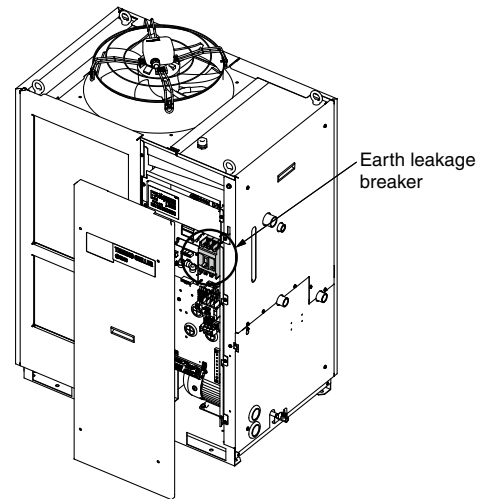
● With earth leakage breaker

A leakage breaker is built in to automatically stop the supply power when it has short-circuit, over current or electrical leakage.

Applicable model	Rated current [A]	Sensitivity of leak current [mA]	Short circuit display method
HRS100-A/W-20	30	30	Mechanical button
HRS150-A/W-20	40		

* 400 V/460 V type is equipped as standard.

* Cannot be selected together with option B1.



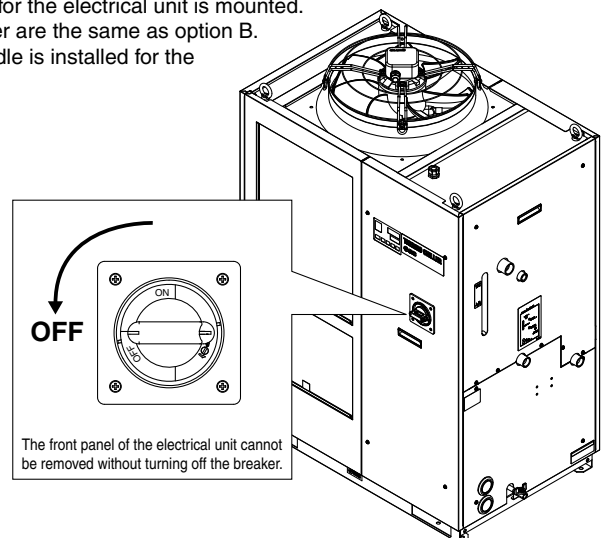
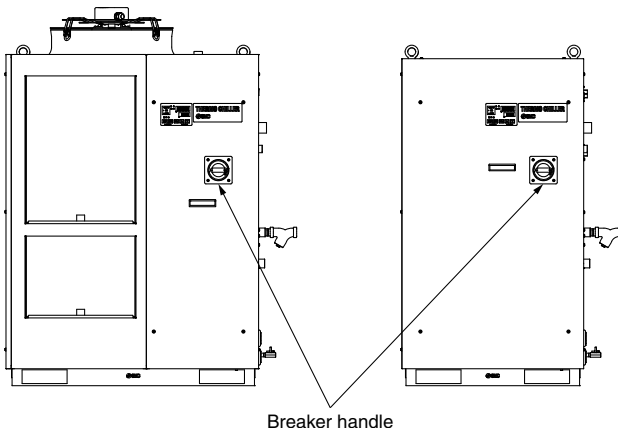
B1 Option symbol

With Earth Leakage Breaker with Handle

HRS□-□□-20-**B1**

● With earth leakage breaker with handle

A breaker operation handle that can be operated without removing the front panel for the electrical unit is mounted. The capacity, sensitivity of leak current, and operating characteristics of the breaker are the same as option B. (It is not necessary to select this option since an earth leakage breaker with a handle is installed for the models with power supply specification '-40' or '-46' as standard equipment.)



* 400 V/460 V type is equipped as standard.

* Cannot be selected together with option B.

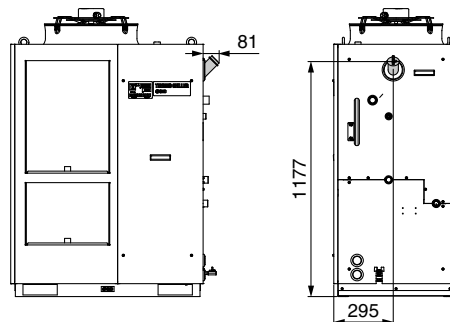
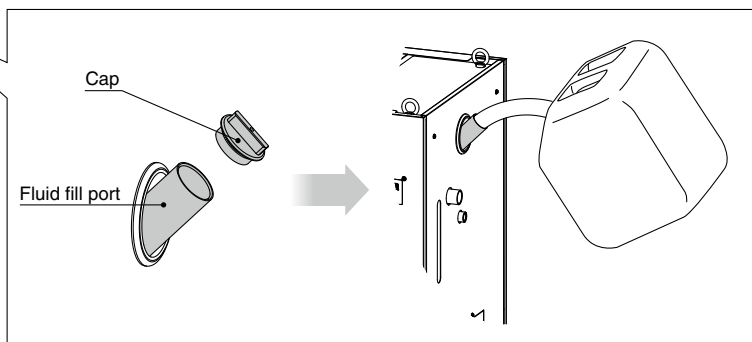
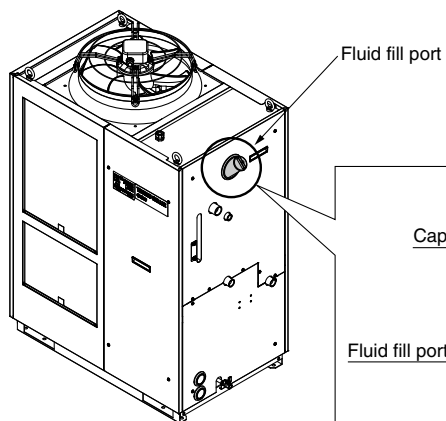
HRS100/150 Series

K Option symbol With Fluid Fill Port

HRS□-□-□-□-**K**

● With fluid fill port

When the automatic fluid fill port is not used, fluid can be supplied manually without removing the panel.



* Dimensions are common to all models.

W Option symbol SI Unit Only

HRS□-□-□-□-**W**

● SI unit only

The circulating fluid temperature and pressure are displayed in SI units [MPa/°C] only.
If this option is not selected, a product with a unit selection function will be provided by default.

* No change in external dimensions

HRS100/150 Series

Optional Accessories

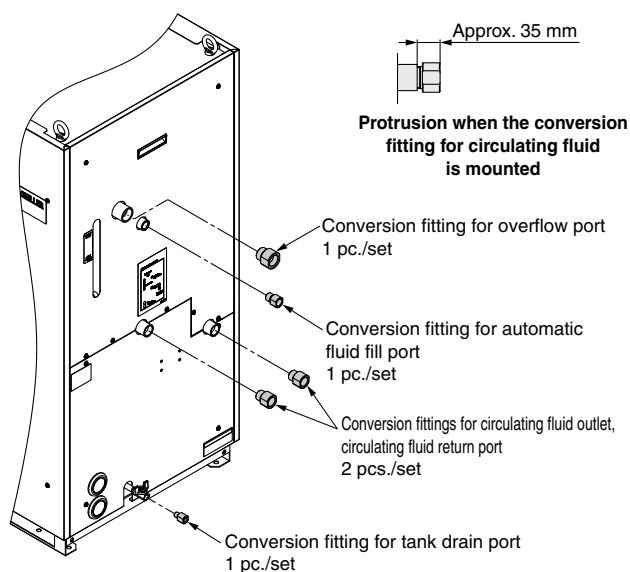
① Piping Conversion Fitting

This is a fitting to change the port from Rc to G or NPT.

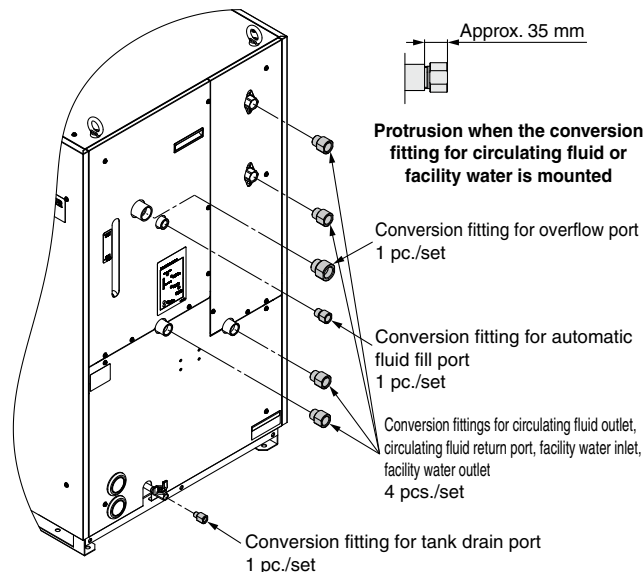
- Circulating fluid outlet, Circulating fluid return port Rc3/4 → NPT3/4 or G3/4
- Overflow port Rc1 → NPT1 or G1
- Automatic fluid fill port Rc1/2 → NPT1/2 or G1/2
- Facility water inlet, Facility water outlet Rc3/4 → NPT3/4 or G3/4 (for HRS-EP029 or HRS-EP030)

(It is not necessary to purchase this when pipe thread type F or N is selected in “How to Order” since it is included in the product.)

Part no.	Contents	Applicable model	Material
HRS-EP027	NPT thread conversion fitting set	HRS100/150-A-□	Stainless steel
HRS-EP028	G thread conversion fitting set		
HRS-EP029	NPT thread conversion fitting set	HRS100/150-W-□	
HRS-EP030	G thread conversion fitting set		



HRS-EP027, HRS-EP028



HRS-EP029, HRS-EP030

② Caster Adjuster-foot Kit

This is a set of unfixed casters and adjuster feet stop.

When installed by user, it is necessary to lift the thermo-chiller by a forklift or sling work.

Carefully read the procedure manual included with this kit before performing the installation.

Part no.	Applicable model	Dimension [mm]		Weight [kg]
		A	B	
HRS-KS003	HRS100/150-A-□-□	830	302	Approx. 16
HRS-KS002	HRS100/150-W-□-□	570	401	Approx. 18

Parts List

Description
Procedure manual
Caster adjuster-foot bracket (2 pcs.)
Fixing bolt (M8) (8 pcs.)

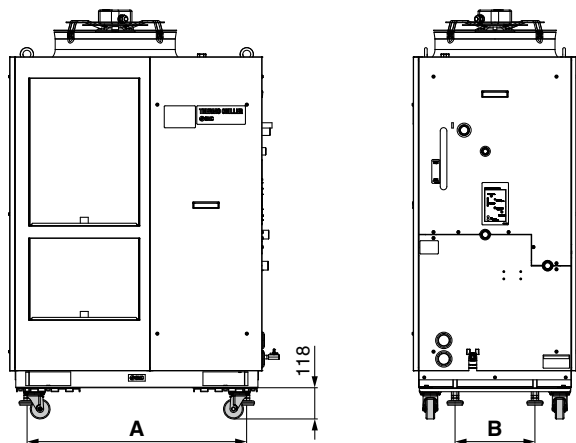


Fig. 1 Mounting view

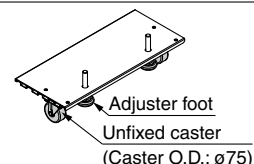


Fig. 2 Caster adjuster-foot bracket (2 pcs.)

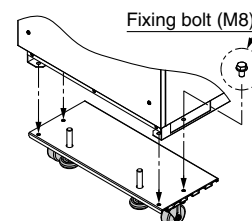


Fig. 3 Fixing bolt (8 pcs.)

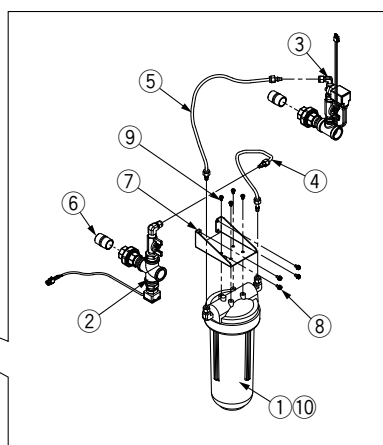
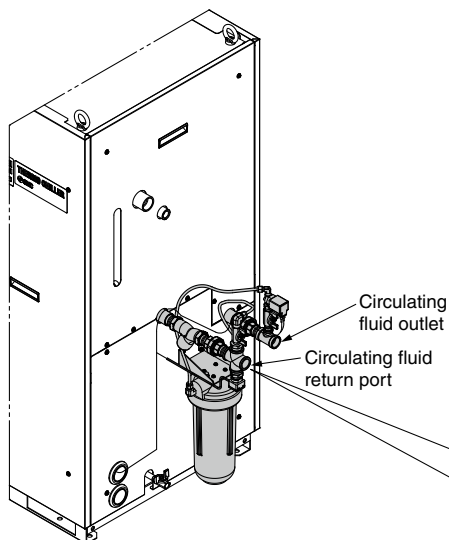
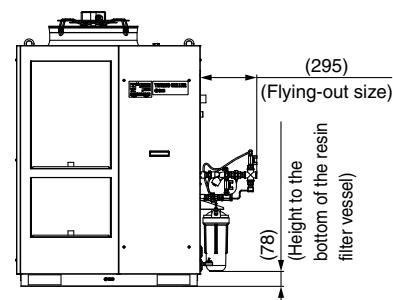
HRS100/150 Series

③ Electric Conductivity Control Set

The set indicates and controls the electric conductivity of the circulating fluid. Refer to the Operation Manual for details.

Part no.	Applicable model
HRS-DI010	HRS100-□□-□ HRS150-□□-□

Measurement range of electric conductivity	2.0 to 48.0 $\mu\text{S/cm}$
Set range of electric conductivity target	5.0 to 45.0 $\mu\text{S/cm}$
Set range of electric conductivity hysteresis	2.0 to 10.0 $\mu\text{S/cm}$
Operating temperature range (Circulating fluid temperature)	5 to 60°C
Power consumption	400 mA or less
Installation environment	Indoors



Parts List

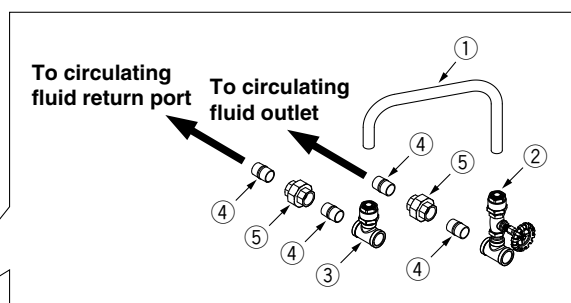
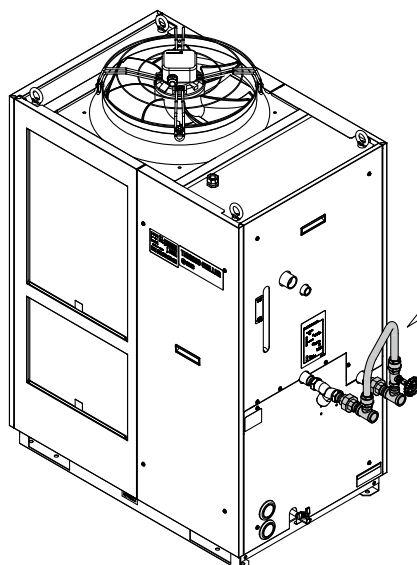
No.	Description	Fluid contact material	Qty.
①	DI filter vessel	PC, PP	1
②	DI sensor assembly	Stainless steel, PPS	1
③	DI control piping assembly	Stainless steel, EPDM	1
④	DI filter outlet tube	PFA, POM	1
⑤	DI filter inlet tube	PFA, POM	1
⑥	Nipple (Size: 3/4)	Stainless steel	2
⑦	Mounting bracket	—	1
⑧	Mounting screw (M5 screw)	—	4
⑨	Tapping screw (M5 screw)	—	4
⑩	DI filter cartridge (Part no.: HRS-DF001)*1	PP, PE	1

*1 The product should be replaced when it can no longer preserve the electrical conductivity set value.

④ Bypass Piping Set

Ensure that the circulating fluid flow rate will be more than the minimum required flow rate using a bypass piping set so that the circulating fluid discharge pressure would be 0.5 MPa or less. Otherwise, an alarm due to circulating fluid discharge pressure or pump over current may occur.

Part no.	Applicable model	Minimum operating flow rate [L/min] (50/60 Hz)
HRS-BP007	HRS100-□□-□ HRS150-□□-□	28/42



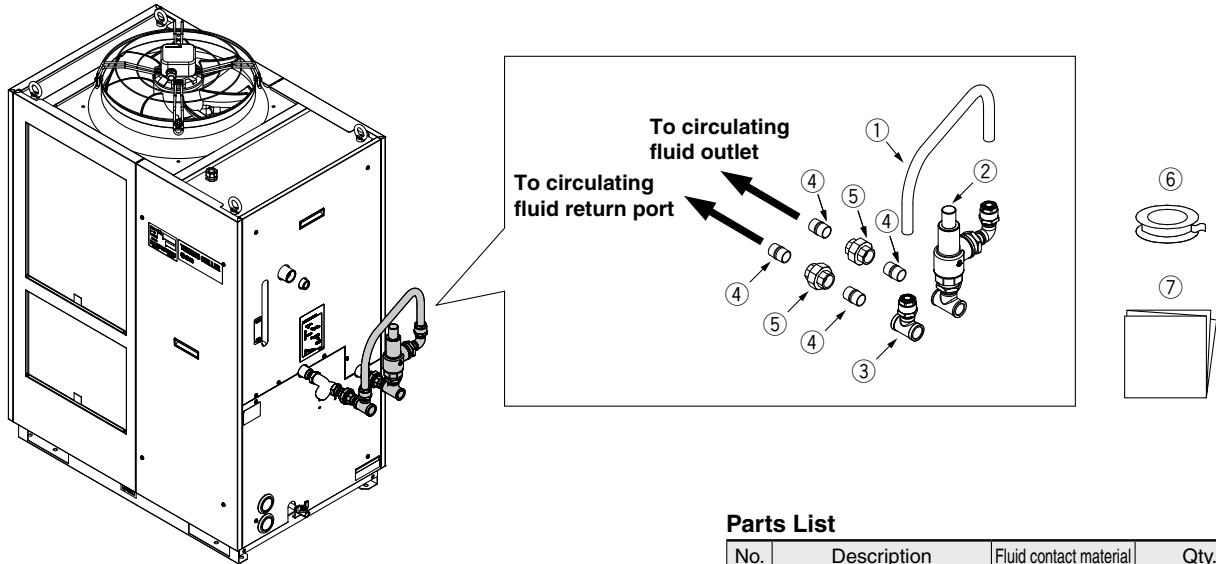
Parts List

No.	Description	Fluid contact material	Qty.
①	Hose (I.D.: 15 mm)	PVC	1 (Approx. 700 mm)
②	Outlet piping assembly (With globe valve)	Stainless steel, Brass, Bronze	1
③	Return piping assembly	Stainless steel, Brass	1
④	Nipple (Size: 3/4)	Stainless steel	4
⑤	Union (Size: 3/4)	Stainless steel	2
⑥	Sealant tape	PTFE	1
⑦	Operation Manual	—	1

⑤ Relief Valve Set

If a solenoid valve is installed in the user's system and the circulating fluid supply stops or decreases during thermo-chiller operation, the circulating fluid discharge pressure of the thermo-chiller increases and an alarm may occur. The relief valve set opens the valve when the pressure exceeds the set pressure level, which prevents pressure increase.

Part no.	Applicable model
HRS-BP008	HRS100-□□-□ HRS150-□□-□



(The figure shows the HRS150-A-20.)

- Relief valve set pressure: 0.32 MPa (The relief valve starts to open when the circulating fluid discharge pressure reaches 0.32 MPa.)
- The setting is made so that the circulating fluid discharge pressure of the thermo-chiller does not exceed 0.5 MPa even when the thermo-chiller is operated at 60 Hz and the water is no longer supplied to the user's system.
- The set pressure of the relief valve should not be adjusted (or changed) by the user. If the set pressure needs to be adjusted, it should be conducted by authorized engineers.

Parts List

No.	Description	Fluid contact material	Qty.
①	Hose (I.D.: 15 mm)	PVC	1 (Approx. 700 mm)
②	Outlet piping assembly	Stainless steel, Brass	1
③	Return piping assembly	Stainless steel, Brass	1
④	Nipple (Size: 3/4)	Stainless steel	4
⑤	Union (Size: 3/4)	Stainless steel	2
⑥	Sealant tape	PTFE	1
⑦	Operation Manual	—	1

HRS100/150 Series

⑥ Snow Protection Hood

Snow protection hood for air-cooled chiller. According to the mounting direction of the snow protection hood, the ventilation from the fan can be selected from four directions, front, rear, left and right.

Front

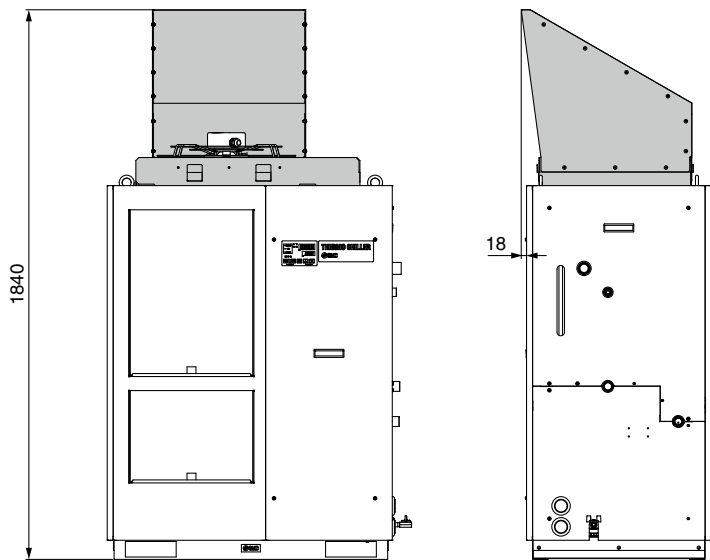
Right

Left

Rear

Part no.	Applicable model
HRS-BK005	HRS100-A□-□
	HRS150-A□-□

No.	Description	Qty.
①	Snow protection hood base	1
②	Snow protection hood A	1
③	Snow protection hood B	2
④	Assembly/Mounting screw	18



Mounting condition for HRS-BK005

* This hood does not completely prevent snow from entering the inside of the chiller.

⑦ Particle Filter Set

Removes foreign matter in the circulating fluid. If foreign matter such as scales in the piping enter the circulating fluid, this may cause the pump to malfunction. Therefore, it is strongly recommended to install the particle filter set. This set cannot be directly connected to the thermo-chiller. Install it in the user's piping system. For details, refer to the Operation Manual.

Particle Filter Set

HRS-PF005-H

Accessory

Symbol	Accessory
Nil	None
H	With handle

Fluid	Tap water
Max. operating pressure	0.65 MPa
Operating temperature range	5 to 35°C
Nominal filtration accuracy	5 μm
Installation environment	Indoors

Parts List

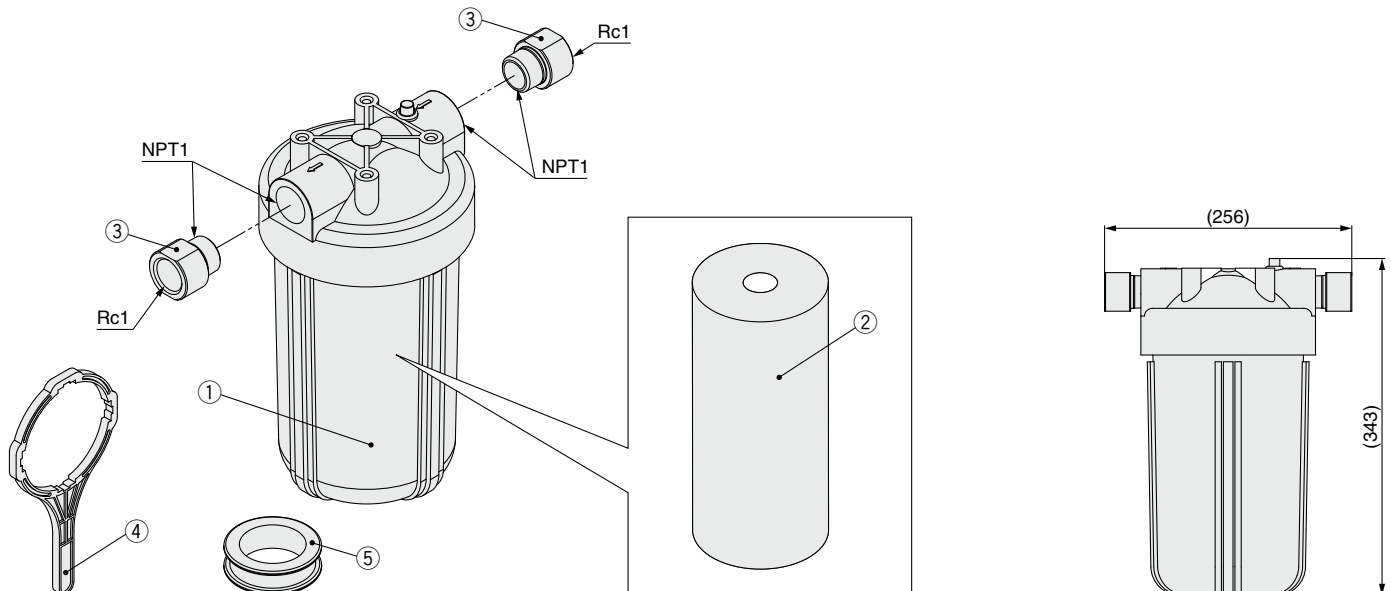
No.	Description	Material	Qty.	Note
①	Body	PC, PP	1	—
②	Element	PP	1	—
③	Extension piece	Stainless steel	2	Conversion from NPT to Rc
④	Handle	—	1	When -H is selected
⑤	Sealant tape	PTFE	1	—

* The product should be replaced when the pressure drop reaches 0.1 MPa.

Replacement Element

HRS-PF006

The product should be replaced when the pressure drop reaches 0.1 MPa.



HRS100/150 Series

⑧ Wired Remote Controller

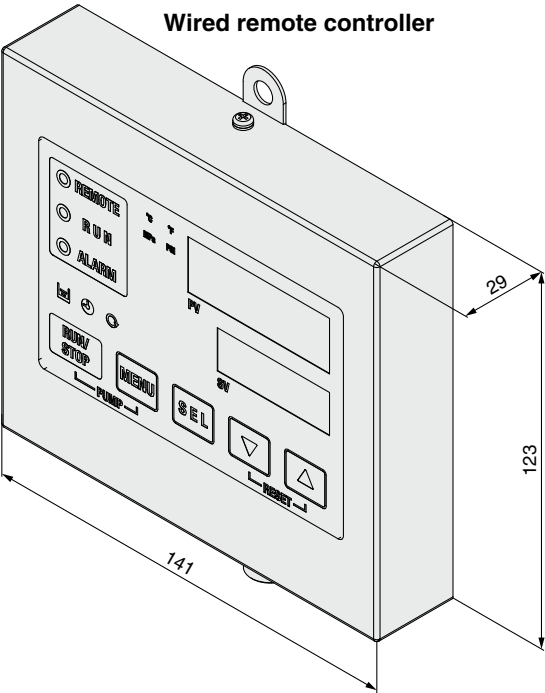
When the wired remote controller is connected to the thermo-chiller, the operation start/stop setting or the set temperature can be changed from a place apart from the thermo-chiller. For details, refer to the Operation Manual.

Wired Remote Controller

HRS-CV004-1

Accessories

Symbol	Accessories
Nil	None
1	With cable (Approx. 20 m)
2	With cable (Approx. 50 m)
3	With cable (Approx. 100 m)



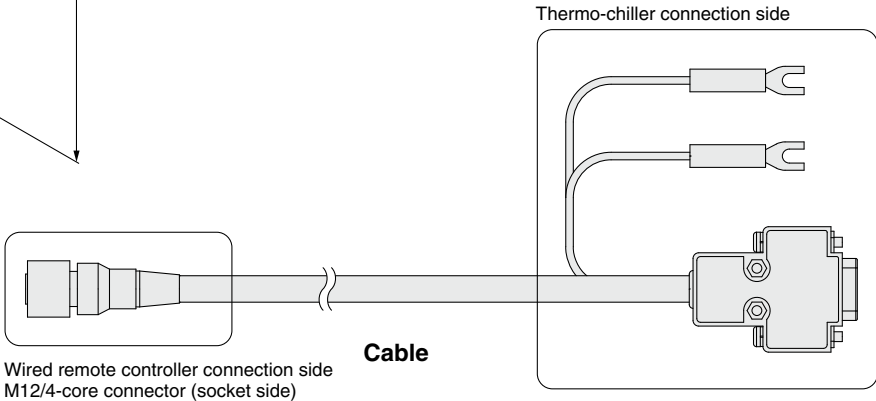
Displayed items

Circulating fluid discharge temperature
Circulating fluid discharge set temperature
Circulating fluid discharge pressure
Circulating fluid electric conductivity*1
Circulating fluid flow rate
Alarm code*2

- *1 Only when the electric conductivity control set is used.
- *2 Only when an alarm occurs. The alarm cannot be reset with the remote controller. Be sure to reset the alarm with the thermo-chiller main unit.

Operable items

Operation start/stop
Circulating fluid temperature setting
Alarm sound stop
Key-lock
Key operation sound ON/OFF
Digital display brightness adjustment
Alarm sound ON/OFF



- * To use the wired remote controller, the thermo-chiller main unit setting is needed.
- * Use the wired remote controller indoors.
- * Pass the cable through the duct, etc. so that it is not exposed to rain water or direct sunlight.

HRS100/150 Series

Cooling Capacity Calculation

Required Cooling Capacity Calculation

Example 1: When the heat generation amount in the user's equipment is known.

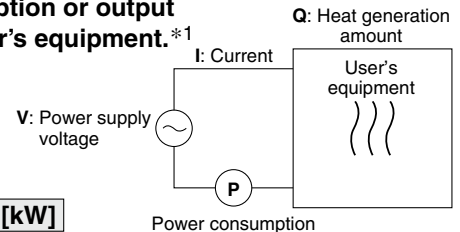
The heat generation amount can be determined based on the power consumption or output of the heat generating area — i.e. the area requiring cooling — within the user's equipment.*1

① Derive the heat generation amount from the power consumption.

Power consumption **P**: 7 [kW]

$$Q = P = 7 \text{ [kW]}$$

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%, $7 \text{ [kW]} \times 1.2 = \mathbf{8.4 \text{ [kW]}}$



② Derive the heat generation amount from the power supply output.

Power supply output **VI**: 8.8 [kVA]

$$Q = P = V \times I \times \text{Power factor}$$

In this example, using a power factor of 0.85:

$$= 8.8 \text{ [kVA]} \times 0.85 = 7.5 \text{ [kW]}$$

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%,

$$7.5 \text{ [kW]} \times 1.2 = \mathbf{9.0 \text{ [kW]}}$$

③ Derive the heat generation amount from the output.

Output (shaft power, etc.) **W**: 5.1 [kW]

$$Q = P = \frac{W}{\text{Efficiency}}$$

In this example, using an efficiency of 0.7:

$$= \frac{5.1}{0.7} = 7.3 \text{ [kW]}$$

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%,

$$7.3 \text{ [kW]} \times 1.2 = \mathbf{8.8 \text{ [kW]}}$$

*1 The examples above calculate the heat generation amount based on the power consumption. The actual heat generation amount may differ due to the structure of the user's equipment. Be sure to check it carefully.

Example 2: When the heat generation amount in the user's equipment is not known.

Obtain the temperature difference between inlet and outlet by circulating the circulating fluid inside the user's equipment.

Heat generation amount by user's equipment **Q** : Unknown [W] (J/s)
 Circulating fluid : Tap water*1
 Circulating fluid mass flow rate **qm** : (= $\rho \times qv \div 60$) [kg/s]
 Circulating fluid density ρ : 1 [kg/L]
 Circulating fluid (volume) flow rate **qv** : 35 [L/min]
 Circulating fluid specific heat **C** : 4.186×10^3 [J/(kg·K)]
 Circulating fluid outlet temperature **T1** : 293 [K] (20 [°C])
 Circulating fluid return temperature **T2** : 296 [K] (23 [°C])
 Circulating fluid temperature difference ΔT : 3 [K] (= $T_2 - T_1$)
 Conversion factor: minutes to seconds (SI units) : 60 [s/min]

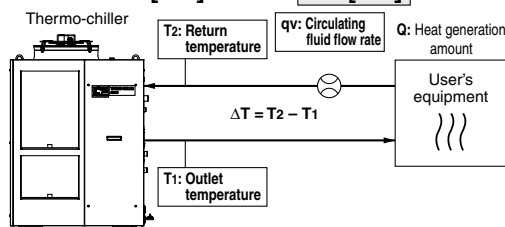
*1 Refer to page 133 for the typical physical property value of tap water or other circulating fluids.

$$Q = qm \times C \times (T_2 - T_1)$$

$$= \frac{\rho \times qv \times C \times \Delta T}{60} = \frac{1 \times 35 \times 4.186 \times 10^3 \times 3.0}{60} = 7325 \text{ [J/s]} \approx 7325 \text{ [W]} = 7.3 \text{ [kW]}$$

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%,

$$7.3 \text{ [kW]} \times 1.2 = \mathbf{8.8 \text{ [kW]}}$$



Example of conventional units (Reference)

Heat generation amount by user's equipment **Q** : Unknown [cal/h] → [W]
 Circulating fluid : Tap water*1
 Circulating fluid weight flow rate **qm** : (= $\rho \times qv \times 60$) [kgf/h]
 Circulating fluid weight volume ratio γ : 1 [kgf/L]
 Circulating fluid (volume) flow rate **qv** : 35 [L/min]
 Circulating fluid specific heat **C** : 1.0×10^3 [cal/(kgf·°C)]
 Circulating fluid outlet temperature **T1** : 20 [°C]
 Circulating fluid return temperature **T2** : 23 [°C]
 Circulating fluid temperature difference ΔT : 3 [°C] (= $T_2 - T_1$)
 Conversion factor: hours to minutes : 60 [min/h]
 Conversion factor: kcal/h to kW : 860 [(cal/h)/W]

$$Q = \frac{qm \times C \times (T_2 - T_1)}{860}$$

$$= \frac{\gamma \times qv \times 60 \times C \times \Delta T}{860}$$

$$= \frac{1 \times 35 \times 60 \times 1.0 \times 10^3 \times 3.0}{860}$$

$$\approx 7325 \text{ [W]} = 7.3 \text{ [kW]}$$

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%,

$$7.3 \text{ [kW]} \times 1.2 = \mathbf{8.8 \text{ [kW]}}$$

Required Cooling Capacity Calculation

Example 3: When there is no heat generation, and when cooling the object below a certain temperature and period of time.

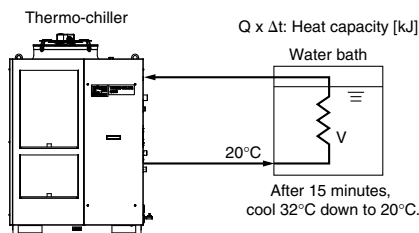
Heat quantity by cooled substance (per unit time) **Q** : Unknown [W] ([J/s])
 Cooled substance : Water
 Cooled substance mass **m** : (= $\rho \times V$) [kg]
 Cooled substance density ρ : 1 [kg/L]
 Cooled substance total volume **V** : 150 [L]
 Cooled substance specific heat **C** : 4.186×10^3 [J/(kg·K)]
 Cooled substance temperature when cooling begins **T₀** : 303 [K] (30 [°C])
 Cooled substance temperature after t hour **T_t** : 293 [K] (20 [°C])
 Cooling temperature difference ΔT : 10 [K] (= $T_0 - T_t$)
 Cooling time Δt : 900 [s] (= 15 [min])

* Refer to the following for the typical physical property values by circulating fluid.

$$Q = \frac{m \times C \times (T_0 - T_t)}{\Delta t} = \frac{\rho \times V \times C \times \Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

$$= \frac{1 \times 150 \times 4.186 \times 10^3 \times 10}{900} = 6977 \text{ [J/s]} \approx 7.0 \text{ [kW]}$$

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%,
 $7.0 \text{ [kW]} \times 1.2 = \mathbf{8.4 \text{ [kW]}}$



Example of conventional units (Reference)

Heat quantity by cooled substance (per unit time) **Q** : Unknown [cal/h] → [W]
 Cooled substance : Water
 Cooled substance weight **m** : (= $\rho \times V$) [kgf]
 Cooled substance weight volume ratio γ : 1 [kgf/L]
 Cooled substance total volume **V** : 150 [L]
 Cooled substance specific heat **C** : 1.0×10^3 [cal/(kgf·°C)]
 Cooled substance temperature when cooling begins **T₀** : 30 [°C]
 Cooled substance temperature after t hour **T_t** : 20 [°C]
 Cooling temperature difference ΔT : 10 [°C] (= $T_0 - T_t$)
 Cooling time Δt : 15 [min]
 Conversion factor: hours to minutes : 60 [min/h]
 Conversion factor: kcal/h to kW : 860 [(cal/h)/W]

$$Q = \frac{m \times C \times (T_0 - T_t)}{\Delta t \times 860} = \frac{\gamma \times V \times 60 \times C \times \Delta T}{\Delta t \times 860}$$

$$= \frac{1 \times 150 \times 60 \times 1.0 \times 10^3 \times 10}{15 \times 860}$$

$$\approx 6977 \text{ [W]} = 7.0 \text{ [kW]}$$

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%,
 $7.0 \text{ [kW]} \times 1.2 = \mathbf{8.4 \text{ [kW]}}$

* This is the calculated value by changing the fluid temperature only.
 Thus, it varies substantially depending on the water bath or piping shape.

Precautions on Cooling Capacity Calculation

1. Heating capacity

When the circulating fluid temperature is set above room temperature, it needs to be heated by the thermo-chiller. The heating capacity depends on the circulating fluid temperature. Consider the radiation rate and heat capacity of the user's equipment and check beforehand if the required heating capacity is provided.

2. Pump capacity

<Circulating fluid flow rate>

Circulating fluid flow rate varies depending on the circulating fluid discharge pressure. Consider the installation height difference between the thermo-chiller and the user's equipment, and the piping resistance such as circulating fluid pipings, or piping size, or piping curves in the machine. Check beforehand if the required flow is achieved, using the pump capacity curves.

<Circulating fluid discharge pressure>

Circulating fluid discharge pressure has the possibility to increase up to the maximum pressure in the pump capacity curves. Check beforehand if the circulating fluid pipings or circulating fluid circuit of the user's equipment are fully durable against this pressure.

Circulating Fluid Typical Physical Property Values

1. This catalog uses the following values for density and specific heat in calculating the required cooling capacity.

Density ρ : 1 [kg/L] (or, using conventional units, weight volume ratio $\gamma = 1$ [kgf/L])

Specific heat **C**: 4.19×10^3 [J/(kg·K)] (or, using conventional units, 1×10^3 [cal/(kgf·°C)])

2. Values for density and specific heat change slightly according to temperature shown below. Use this as a reference.

Water

Physical property value Temperature	Density ρ [kg/L]	Specific heat C [J/(kg·K)]	Conventional units	
			Weight volume ratio γ [kgf/L]	Specific heat C [cal/(kgf·°C)]
5°C	1.00	4.2×10^3	1.00	1×10^3
10°C	1.00	4.19×10^3	1.00	1×10^3
15°C	1.00	4.19×10^3	1.00	1×10^3
20°C	1.00	4.18×10^3	1.00	1×10^3
25°C	1.00	4.18×10^3	1.00	1×10^3
30°C	1.00	4.18×10^3	1.00	1×10^3
35°C	0.99	4.18×10^3	0.99	1×10^3
40°C	0.99	4.18×10^3	0.99	1×10^3

15% Ethylene Glycol Aqueous Solution

Physical property value Temperature	Density ρ [kg/L]	Specific heat C [J/(kg·K)]	Conventional units	
			Weight volume ratio γ [kgf/L]	Specific heat C [cal/(kgf·°C)]
5°C	1.02	3.91×10^3	1.02	0.93×10^3
10°C	1.02	3.91×10^3	1.02	0.93×10^3
15°C	1.02	3.91×10^3	1.02	0.93×10^3
20°C	1.01	3.91×10^3	1.01	0.93×10^3
25°C	1.01	3.91×10^3	1.01	0.93×10^3
30°C	1.01	3.91×10^3	1.01	0.94×10^3
35°C	1.01	3.91×10^3	1.01	0.94×10^3
40°C	1.01	3.92×10^3	1.01	0.94×10^3

* Shown above are reference values.



HRS100/150 Series Specific Product Precautions 1

Be sure to read this before handling the products. For safety instructions and temperature control equipment precautions, refer to the “Handling Precautions for SMC Products” and the “Operation Manual” on the SMC website: <https://www.smcworld.com>

Design

Warning

1. This catalog shows the specifications of a single unit.

- 1) Check the specifications of the single unit (contents of this catalog) and thoroughly consider the adaptability between the user's system and this unit.
- 2) Although a protection circuit as a single unit is installed, prepare a drain pan, water leakage sensor, discharge air facility, and emergency stop equipment, depending on the user's operating conditions. Also, the user is requested to carry out a safety design for the whole system.

2. When attempting to cool areas that are open to the atmosphere (tanks, pipes), plan your piping system accordingly.

When cooling open-air external tanks, arrange the piping so that there are coil pipes for cooling inside the tanks and to carry back the entire flow volume of circulating fluid that is released.

3. Use non-corrosive materials for circulating fluid contact parts.

The recommended circulating fluid is tap water or 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution. Using corrosive materials such as aluminum or iron for fluid contact parts such as piping may cause clogging or leakage in the circulating fluid circuit. Therefore, take sufficient care when selecting fluid contact part materials such as piping.

4. Design the piping so that no foreign matter enters the chiller.

If foreign matter, such as scales in the piping, enters the circulating fluid, this may cause the pump to malfunction. Therefore, it is strongly recommended to install the particle filter.

5. The facility water outlet temperature (water-cooled type) may increase up to around 60°C.

When selecting the facility water pipings, consider the suitability for temperature.

Selection

Warning

Model selection

When selecting a thermo-chiller model, the amount of heat generation from the user's equipment must be known. Obtain this value, referring to “Cooling Capacity Calculation” on pages 132 and 133 before selecting a model.

Handling

Warning

Thoroughly read the operation manual.

Read the operation manual completely before operation, and keep the manual where it can be referred to as necessary.

Operating Environment/Storage Environment

Warning

1. Do not use in the following environment as it will lead to a breakdown.

- 1) In locations where water vapor, salt water, and oil may splash on the product.
- 2) In locations where there are dust and particles.
- 3) In locations where corrosive gases, organic solvents, chemical fluids, or flammable gases are present. (This product is not explosion proof.)
- 4) In locations where the ambient temperature exceeds the limits as mentioned below.

During transportation/storage: -15°C to 50°C (But as long as water or circulating fluid are not left inside the pipings)

During operation: -5°C to 45°C (However, use a 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution if operating in a place where the ambient temperature or circulating fluid temperature is 10°C or less.)

- 5) In locations where condensation may occur.
- 6) In locations which receive direct sunlight or radiated heat.
- 7) In locations where there is a heat source nearby and the ventilation is poor.
- 8) In locations where temperature substantially changes.
- 9) In locations where strong magnetic noise occurs.
(In locations where strong electric fields, strong magnetic fields and surge voltage occur.)
- 10) In locations where static electricity occurs, or conditions which make the product discharge static electricity.
- 11) In locations where high frequency occurs.
- 12) In locations where damage is likely to occur due to lightning.
- 13) In locations at an altitude of 3000 m or higher (Except during storage and transportation)

* For altitudes of 1000 m or higher

Because of lower air density, the heat radiation efficiencies of the devices in the product will be lower in the location at an altitude of 1000 m or higher. Therefore, the maximum ambient temperature to use and the cooling capacity will lower according to the descriptions in the table below. Select the thermo-chiller considering the descriptions.

- ① Upper limit of ambient temperature: Use the product in ambient temperature of the described value or lower at each altitude.
- ② Cooling capacity coefficient: The product's cooling capacity will lower to one that multiplied by the described value at each altitude.

Altitude [m]	① Upper limit of ambient temperature [°C]	② Cooling capacity coefficient
Less than 1000 m	45	1.00
Less than 1500 m	42	0.85
Less than 2000 m	38	0.80
Less than 2500 m	35	0.75
Less than 3000 m	32	0.70

- 14) In locations where strong impacts or vibrations occur.
- 15) In locations where a massive force strong enough to deform the product is applied or a weight from a heavy object is applied.
- 16) In locations where there is not sufficient space for maintenance.
- 17) In locations where liquid that exceeds the conditions required for the degrees of protection IPX4 may splash on the product.
- 18) Insects or plants may enter the unit.

2. The product is not designed for clean room usage. It generates particles internally.

3. The product is not dust-proof.

If used in an environment with dust, it may accumulate inside the product and cause not only a malfunction but also a fire hazard.



HRS100/150 Series

Specific Product Precautions 2

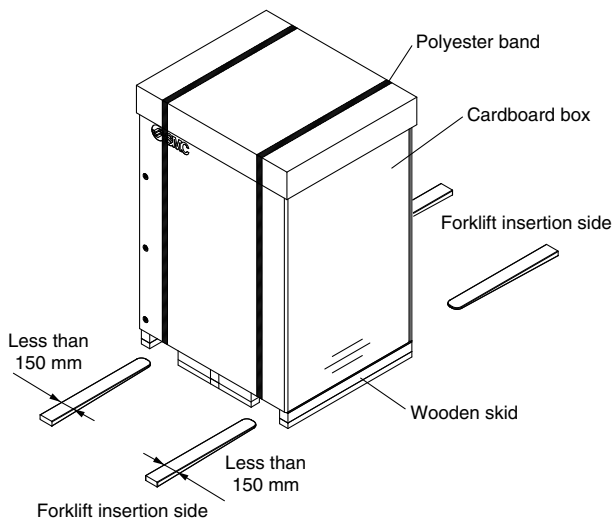
Be sure to read this before handling the products. For safety instructions and temperature control equipment precautions, refer to the “Handling Precautions for SMC Products” and the “Operation Manual” on the SMC website: <https://www.smcworld.com>

Transportation/Carriage/Movement

⚠ Warning

1. This product will require an acceptance with the product not unloaded from the truck, and the user will need to unload the product by himself. Prepare a forklift.

The product will be delivered in the packaging shown below.



<When packaged>

Model	Weight [kg]	Dimensions [mm]
HRS100-A□-□	212	Height 1585 x Width 1185 x Depth 955
HRS150-A□-□	218	
HRS100-W□-□	186	Height 1485 x Width 925 x Depth 955
HRS150-W□-□	189	
HRS100-A□-□-A	236	Height 1710 x Width 1185 x Depth 955
HRS150-A□-□-A	242	
HRS100-W□-□-A	210	Height 1610 x Width 925 x Depth 955
HRS150-W□-□-A	213	

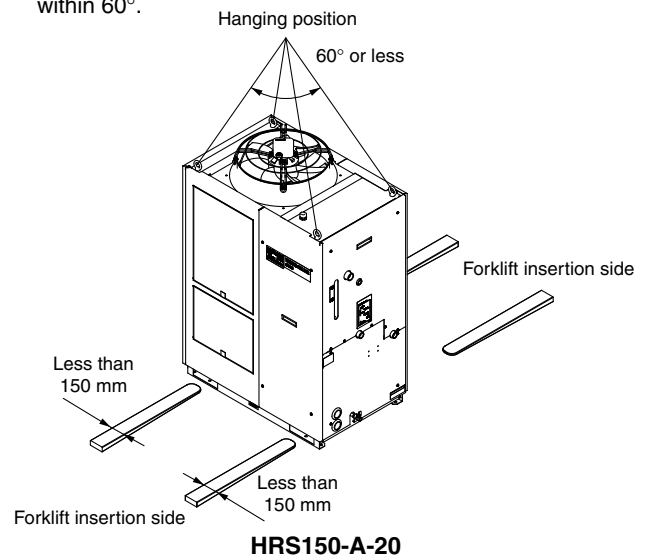
2. Transporting with forklift

- 1) A licensed driver should drive the forklift.
- 2) The proper place to insert the tines of the forklift differs depending on the model of cooler. Check the insert position, and be sure to drive the fork in far enough for it to come out the other side.
- 3) Be careful not to bump the fork to the cover panel or piping ports.

⚠ Warning

3. Hanging transportation

- 1) Crane manipulation and slinging work should be done by an eligible person.
- 2) Do not grip the piping on the right side or the handles of the panel.
- 3) When hanging by the eye bolts, be sure to use a 4-point hanging method. For the hanging angle, use caution regarding the position of the center of gravity and hold it within 60°.



<When using option A>

4. Transporting with casters

- 1) This product is heavy and should be moved by at least two people.
- 2) Do not grip the piping port on the right side or the handles of the panel.
- 3) When transporting using a forklift, be sure not to let it hit the casters or adjusters, and drive the fork all the way through until it comes out the other side.
- 4) Do not get across steps with casters.

⚠ Caution

If this product is to be transported after delivery, please use the original packaging the product was delivered in. If other packaging is to be used, carefully package the product so as to prevent the product from incurring any damage during transport.

Mounting/Installation

⚠ Warning

Do not place heavy objects on top of this product, or step on it.

The external panel can be deformed and danger can result.

⚠ Caution

1. Install on a rigid floor which can withstand this product's weight.
2. Secure with bolts, anchor bolts, etc.



HRS100/150 Series Specific Product Precautions 3

Be sure to read this before handling the products. For safety instructions and temperature control equipment precautions, refer to the “Handling Precautions for SMC Products” and the “Operation Manual” on the SMC website: <https://www.smcworld.com>

Mounting/Installation

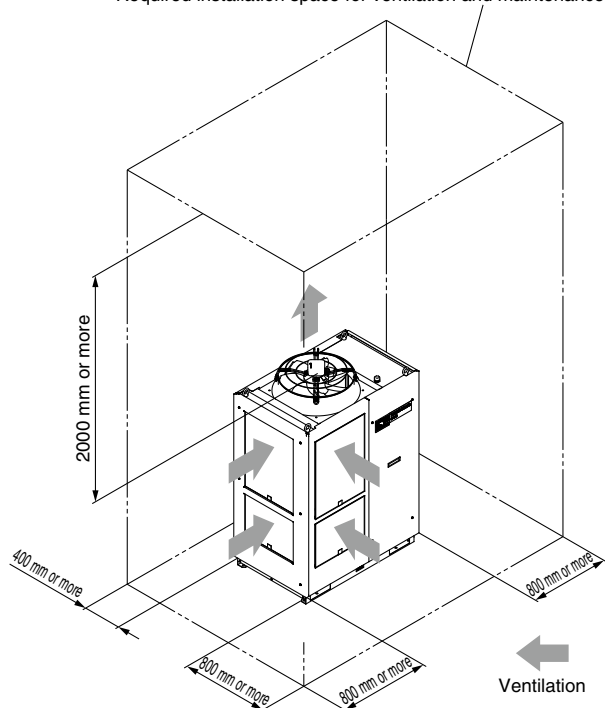
⚠ Caution

3. Refer to the operation manual for this product, and secure an installation space that is necessary for the maintenance and ventilation.

<Air-cooled refrigeration>

1. The air-cooled type product exhausts heat using the fan that is mounted to the product. If the product is operated with insufficient ventilation, ambient temperature may exceed 45°C, and this will affect the performance and life of the product. To prevent this ensure that suitable ventilation is available (see below).
2. For installation indoors, ventilation ports and a ventilation fan should be equipped as needed.

Required installation space for ventilation and maintenance



HRS150-A-20

3. If it is impossible to exhaust heat from the installation area indoors, or when the installation area is conditioned, provide a duct for heat exhaustion to the air outlet port of this product for ventilation. Do not mount the inlet of the duct (flange) directly to the air vent of the product, and keep a space larger than the diameter of the duct. Additionally, consider the resistance of the duct when making the air vent port for the duct.

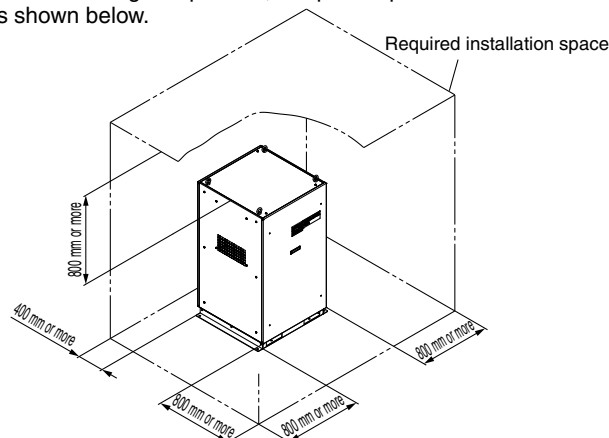
<Heat radiation amount/Required ventilation rate>

Model	Heat radiation amount [kW]	Required ventilation rate [m³/min]	
		Differential temp. of 3°C between inside and outside of installation area	Differential temp. of 6°C between inside and outside of installation area
HRS100-A-□	Approx. 18	305	155
HRS150-A-□	Approx. 26	440	220

⚠ Caution

<Water-cooled refrigeration>

When installing the product, keep the space for maintenance as shown below.



Piping

⚠ Caution

1. The circulating fluid and facility water piping should be prepared by the customer with consideration of the operating pressure, temperature, and circulating fluid/facility compatibility.

If the operating performance is not sufficient, the pipings may burst during operation. Also, the use of corrosive materials such as aluminum or iron for fluid contact parts, such as piping, may not only lead to clogging or leakage in the circulating fluid and facility water circuits but also refrigerant leakage and other unexpected problems. Provide protection against corrosion when you use the product.

2. Select the piping port size which can exceed the rated flow. For the rated flow, refer to the pump capacity table.
3. When tightening at the drain port of this product, use a pipe wrench to clamp the connection ports.

4. Supply water pressure to the automatic fluid fill port of this product should be 0.2 to 0.5 MPa.

This product has a built-in ball (float) tap. If you attach it to the faucet of a sink, etc. it will automatically supply water to the rated fluid level of the tank (halfway between HIGH and LOW.) If the water supply pressure is too high, the pipes may burst during use. Proceed with caution.

5. Ensure that piping is connected to the overflow port so that the circulating fluid can be exhausted to the drainage pit when the fluid level in the tank increases.
6. For the circulating fluid piping connection, install a drain pan and wastewater collection pit just in case the circulating fluid may leak.

7. This product series are constant-temperature fluid circulating machines with built-in tanks.

Do not install equipment on your system side such as pumps that forcibly return the circulating fluid to the unit. Also, if you attach an external tank that is open to the air, it may become impossible to circulate the circulating fluid. Proceed with caution.

8. The facility water flow rate is adjusted automatically according to the operating conditions.

In addition, the facility water return temperature is 60°C at maximum.



HRS100/150 Series Specific Product Precautions 4

Be sure to read this before handling the products. For safety instructions and temperature control equipment precautions, refer to the “Handling Precautions for SMC Products” and the “Operation Manual” on the SMC website: <https://www.smcworld.com>

Electrical Wiring

Warning

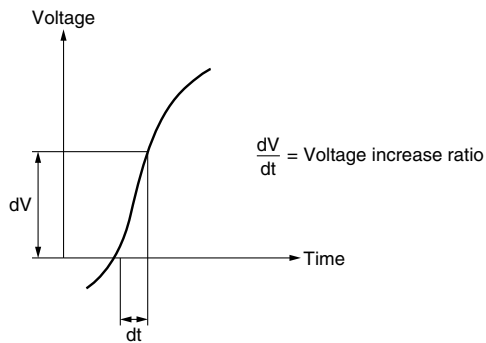
Grounding should never be connected to a water line, gas line or lightning rod.

Caution

1. Power supply and communication cables should be prepared by user.

2. Provide a stable power supply which is not affected by surge or distortion.

If the voltage increase ratio (dV/dt) at the zero cross should exceed 40 V/200 μ sec., it may result in malfunction.

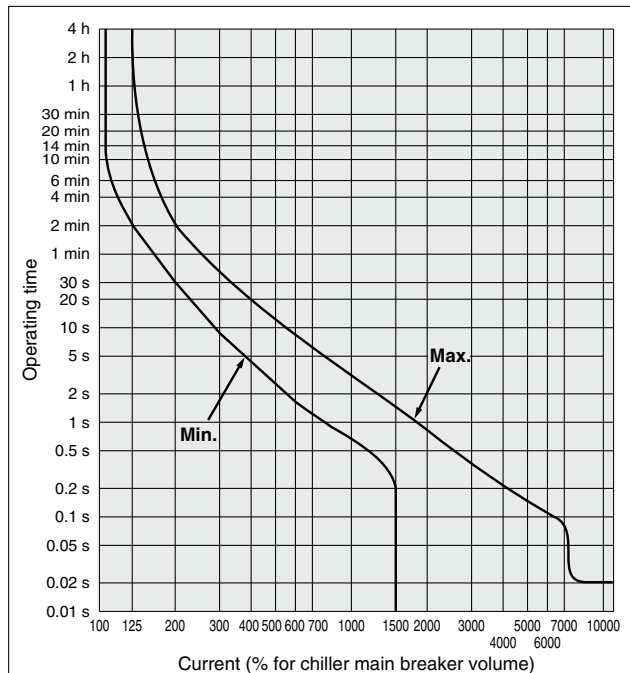


<For option B [With earth leakage breaker]>

3. This product is installed with a breaker with the following operating characteristics.

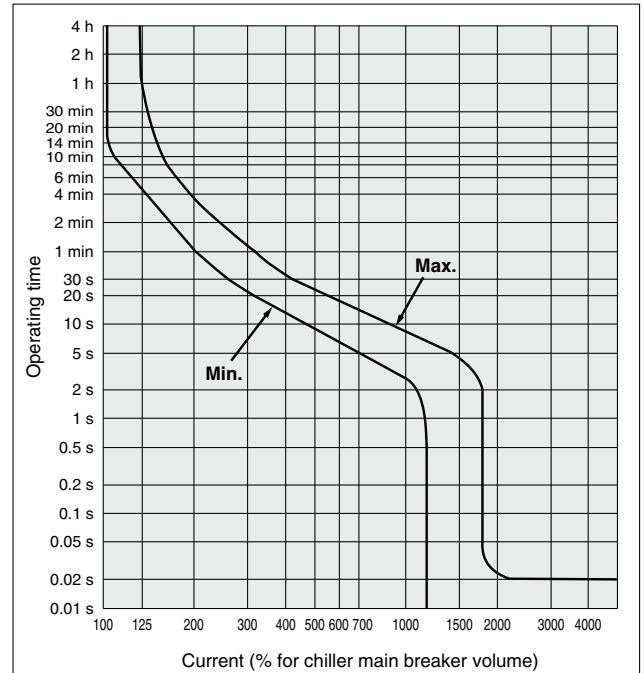
For the user's equipment (inlet side), use a breaker whose operating time is equal to or longer than the breaker of this product. If a breaker with shorter operating time is connected, the user's equipment could be cut off due to the inrush current of the motor of this product.

HRS100-A/W-20/40, HRS150-A/W-40

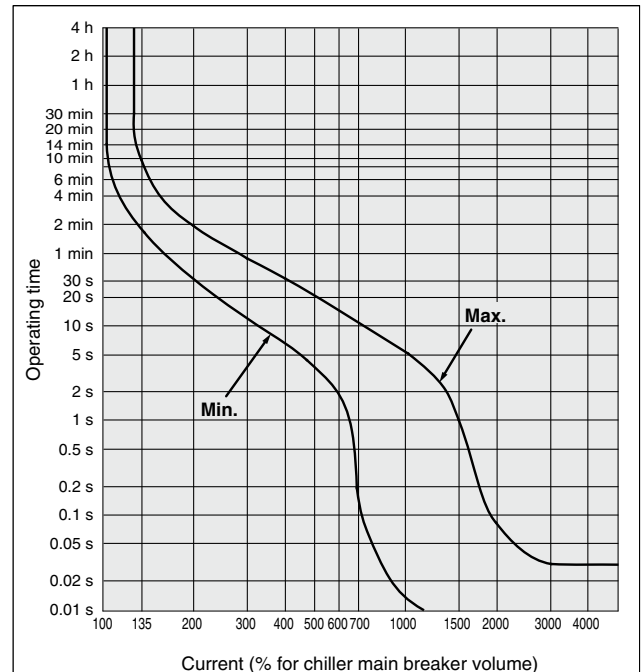


Caution

HRS150-A/W-20



HRS100-A/W-46, HRS150-A/W-46





HRS100/150 Series

Specific Product Precautions 5

Be sure to read this before handling the products. For safety instructions and temperature control equipment precautions, refer to the "Handling Precautions for SMC Products" and the "Operation Manual" on the SMC website: <https://www.smcworld.com>

Circulating Fluid

⚠ Caution

1. Avoid oil or other foreign matter entering the circulating fluid.
2. When water is used as a circulating fluid, SMC recommends the water quality shown in the following table as reference.
 - Including water used for dilution of ethylene glycol aqueous solutions.
 - In most areas, tap water can be used. However, if the tap water in the area is hard, there is a possibility of failure or performance decline due to limescale build-up. To soften the water and avoid problems, consider using water hardness filters.

Tap Water (as a Circulating Fluid) Quality Standards

The Japan Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Industry Association
JRA GL-02-1994 "Cooling water system – Circulation type – Make-up water"

	Item	Unit	Standard value	Influence	
				Corrosion	Scale generation
Standard item	pH (at 25°C)	—	6.0 to 8.0	○	○
	Electric conductivity (25°C)	[μS/cm]	100*1 to 300*1	○	○
	Chloride ion (Cl ⁻)	[mg/L]	50 or less	○	
	Sulfuric acid ion (SO ₄ ²⁻)	[mg/L]	50 or less	○	
	Acid consumption amount (at pH4.8)	[mg/L]	50 or less		○
	Total hardness	[mg/L]	70 or less		○
	Calcium hardness (CaCO ₃)	[mg/L]	50 or less		○
Reference item	Ionic state silica (SiO ₂)	[mg/L]	30 or less		○
	Iron (Fe)	[mg/L]	0.3 or less	○	○
	Copper (Cu)	[mg/L]	0.1 or less	○	
	Sulfide ion (S ₂ ⁻)	[mg/L]	Should not be detected.	○	
	Ammonium ion (NH ₄ ⁺)	[mg/L]	0.1 or less	○	
	Residual chlorine (Cl)	[mg/L]	0.3 or less	○	
	Free carbon (CO ₂)	[mg/L]	4.0 or less	○	

*1 In the case of [MΩ·cm], it will be 0.003 to 0.01.

- ○: Factors that have an effect on corrosion or scale generation.
- Even if the water quality standards are met, complete prevention of corrosion is not guaranteed.

3. Use an ethylene glycol that does not contain additives such as preservatives.
4. When using an ethylene glycol aqueous solution, maintain a maximum concentration of 15%.
Overly high concentrations can cause a pump overload. Low concentrations, however, can lead to freezing when circulating fluid temperature is 10°C or lower and cause the thermo-chiller to break down.
5. When deionized water is used, the electric conductivity should be 1 μS/cm or higher (Electric resistivity: 1 MΩ·cm or lower).

Facility Water Supply

⚠ Warning

<Water-cooled refrigeration>

1. The water-cooled refrigeration type thermo-chiller radiates heat to the facility water.
Prepare the facility water system that satisfies the heat radiation and the facility water specifications below.

■ Required facility water system

<Heat radiation amount/Facility water specifications>

Model	Heat radiation [kW]	Facility water specifications
HRS100-W-□	Approx. 19	Refer to "Facility water system" in the specifications on page 114.
HRS150-W-□	Approx. 28	

2. When using tap water as facility water, SMC recommends the water quality shown in the following table as reference.

- In most areas, tap water can be used. However, if the tap water in the area is hard, there is a possibility of failure or performance decline due to limescale build-up. To soften the water and avoid problems, consider using water hardness filters.

Tap Water (as Facility Water) Quality Standards

The Japan Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Industry Association
JRA GL-02-1994 "Cooling water system – Circulation type – Make-up water"

	Item	Unit	Standard value	Influence	
				Corrosion	Scale generation
Standard item	pH (at 25°C)	—	6.5 to 8.2	○	○
	Electric conductivity (25°C)	[μS/cm]	100*1 to 800*1	○	○
	Chloride ion (Cl ⁻)	[mg/L]	200 or less	○	
	Sulfuric acid ion (SO ₄ ²⁻)	[mg/L]	200 or less	○	
	Acid consumption amount (at pH4.8)	[mg/L]	100 or less		○
	Total hardness	[mg/L]	200 or less		○
	Calcium hardness (CaCO ₃)	[mg/L]	150 or less		○
Reference item	Ionic state silica (SiO ₂)	[mg/L]	50 or less		○
	Iron (Fe)	[mg/L]	1.0 or less	○	○
	Copper (Cu)	[mg/L]	0.3 or less	○	
	Sulfide ion (S ₂ ⁻)	[mg/L]	Should not be detected.	○	
	Ammonium ion (NH ₄ ⁺)	[mg/L]	1.0 or less	○	
	Residual chlorine (Cl)	[mg/L]	0.3 or less	○	
	Free carbon (CO ₂)	[mg/L]	4.0 or less	○	

*1 In the case of [MΩ·cm], it will be 0.001 to 0.01.

- ○: Factors that have an effect on corrosion or scale generation.
- Even if the water quality standards are met, complete prevention of corrosion is not guaranteed.

3. Set the supply pressure between 0.3 to 0.5 MPa. Ensure a pressure difference at the facility water inlet/outlet of 0.3 MPa or more.

If the supply pressure is high, it will cause water leakage. If the supply pressure and pressure difference at the facility water inlet/outlet is low, it will cause an insufficient flow rate of the facility water, and poor temperature control.



HRS100/150 Series

Specific Product Precautions 6

Be sure to read this before handling the products. For safety instructions and temperature control equipment precautions, refer to the “Handling Precautions for SMC Products” and the “Operation Manual” on the SMC website: <https://www.smcworld.com>

Operation

⚠ Warning

1. Confirmation before operation

- 1) The fluid level of a tank should be within the specified range of “HIGH” and “LOW.”
When exceeding the specified level, the circulating fluid will overflow.
- 2) Remove the air.
Conduct a trial operation, looking at the fluid level.
Since the fluid level will go down when the air is removed from the user’s piping system, supply water once again when the fluid level is reduced. When there is no reduction in the fluid level, the job of removing the air is completed.
Pump can be operated independently.

2. Confirmation during operation

- Check the circulating fluid temperature.
The operating temperature range of the circulating fluid is between 5 and 35°C.
When the amount of heat generated from the user’s equipment is greater than the product’s capability, the circulating fluid temperature may exceed this range. Use caution regarding this matter.

3. Emergency stop method

- When an abnormality is confirmed, stop the machine immediately. After the machine has stopped, make sure to turn off the breaker of the user’s equipment (on the upstream side).

Operation Restart Time/Operation and Suspension Frequency

⚠ Caution

1. Wait five minutes or more before restarting operation after it has been stopped. If the operation is restarted within five minutes, the protection circuit may activate and the operation may not start properly.
2. Operation and suspension frequency should not exceed 10 times per day. Frequently switching between operation and suspension may result in the malfunction of the refrigeration circuit.

Protection Circuit

⚠ Caution

If operating in the below conditions, the protection circuit will activate and an operation may not be performed or will stop.

- Power supply voltage is not within the rated voltage range of $\pm 10\%$.
- In case the water level inside the tank is reduced abnormally.
- Circulating fluid temperature is too high.
- Compared to the cooling capacity, the heat generation amount of the user’s equipment is too high.
- Ambient temperature is over 45°C.
- Ventilation hole is clogged with dust or dirt.

Maintenance

⚠ Caution

<Periodical inspection every one month>

Clean the ventilation hole.

If the dustproof filter of water-cooled type product becomes clogged with dust or debris, a decline in cooling performance can result. In order to avoid deforming or damaging the dustproof filter, clean it with a long-haired brush or air gun.

<Periodical inspection every three months>

Inspect the circulating fluid.

1. When using tap water or deionized water
 - Replacement of circulating fluid
Failure to replace the circulating fluid can lead to the development of bacteria or algae. Replace it regularly depending on your usage conditions.
2. When using ethylene glycol aqueous solution
Use a concentration meter to confirm that the concentration does not exceed 15%.
Dilute or add as needed to adjust the concentration.

<Periodical inspection during the winter season>

1. Make water-removal arrangements beforehand.

If there is a risk of the circulating fluid and facility water freezing when the product is stopped, release the circulating fluid and facility water in advance.

■ Refrigerant with GWP reference

Refrigerant	Global Warming Potential (GWP)		
	Regulation (EU) 2024/573, AIM Act 40 CFR Part 84	Fluorocarbon Emissions Control Act (Japan) GWP value labeled on products	GWP value to be used for reporting the calculated amount of leakage
R134a	1,430	1,430	1,300
R404A	3,922	3,920	3,940
R407C	1,774	1,770	1,620
R410A	2,088	2,090	1,920
R448A	1,386	1,390	1,270
R454C	146	145	146

* This product is hermetically sealed and contains fluorinated greenhouse gases (HFC). When this product is sold on the market in the EU after January 1, 2017, it needs to be compliant with the quota system of the F-Gas Regulation in the EU.

* See specification table for refrigerant used in the product.